

DALLAS COLLEGE POLICE DEPARTMENT



ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT 2023

January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2022

Welcome Message from the Chief



On behalf of the women and men of the Dallas College Police Department, I welcome you to our diverse, fun and vibrant campus community. We dedicate ourselves to student success by serving the needs of our students, faculty and staff by providing a welcoming, accessible, safe and secure educational environment.

We strive to build a community of trust through partnerships, transparency, and fair and impartial policing. The members of the Dallas College Police Department are professionals who commit themselves to making a difference in the lives of those we serve.

You play a crucial role in keeping our campus community safe. We encourage you to be involved by proactively identifying issues before they become problems and playing an active role in making Dallas College a safe and thriving community.

Herbert R. Ashford
Interim Chief of Police

DALLAS COLLEGE POLICE DEPARTMENT
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DALLAS COLLEGE POLICE DEPARTMENT

I. OVERVIEW OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT

Mission and Value Statement

The mission of the Dallas College Police Department is to enhance the quality of life on campus, the Dallas College Police Department is committed to provide a welcoming, accessible, safe and secure educational environment for students, faculty and staff through community partnership, transparency, and fair and impartial policing.

Department Values:

1. **Ethics** – To work in the appropriate manner at all times being professional, tactful and courteous when performing our duties and protecting the rights of all individuals
2. **Accountability** – Being responsible for one's own actions; embracing the philosophy that is the individual's responsibility to manage his or her life, work and property with regards to others
3. **Professionalism** – Promoting the highest standards of appearance, conduct and propriety in all that we say and do; recognize that we must set an example for others to follow
4. **Leadership** – Providing for uniformity of direction and action toward the organization's mission; motivating others to action through setting an example in both work ethic and conduct
5. **Justice** – Officers must enforce the law, rules and regulations without regard to ethnic origin, race, religious belief or sexual orientation, whether a person is a complainant or suspect.

Dallas College Police Department Personnel

Police officers of the Dallas College Police Department are duly sworn peace officers under Article 2.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and Section 51.203 of the Texas Educational Code. The officers of the department are armed and possess the same authority under the law as municipal officers.





Dallas College Police officers issue Justice of the Peace citations for violations that occur on college property in addition to college citations. Whether to issue a Justice of the Peace or college citation is left up to the discretion of the officers.

Police officers patrol the campus 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. They enforce state law, arrest violators, investigate and deter crime, investigate traffic accidents, and provide a full range of services to the college community.

Dallas College Police officers are available to provide escorts and assist with vehicle battery jump requests. Officers are trained in Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Emergency Cardiac Care and respond to medical emergencies. All officers regularly attend courses and in-service training approved by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education to receive updates on current regulations and legislative changes.

Safety Commitment

The Dallas College Police Department is committed to providing a safe and secure educational environment for all credit and noncredit students enrolled each semester as well as employees and college visitors. The substation at each campus is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Patrol of each campus is performed by foot, automobile and bicycle units. Various policies, described below, are established for the safety of everyone while at a Dallas College campus.

Each campus' facilities such as soccer fields, tennis court, putting greens, baseball and softball diamonds are for reserve use only. One may contact the Athletics Department at each campus for more information.

Access to each campus is limited between 11 p.m. and 5:30 a.m. to authorized personnel only. Those needing access to special areas of the campus should contact the Police Communications Center at 972-860-4290 or dial 4291 from campus phones. For maintenance purposes, the Dallas College Facilities Department utilizes an online system to create, assign, track and record the completion of the work orders that address any maintenance repair needs or safety concerns. During periods when the campuses are closed (nighttime, Sundays, or holidays), only faculty, staff and contractors are allowed to enter the campus after informing college police of the location where the person(s) can be located in the event of an emergency. In the case of extended campus closures, the campus police will only allow persons with prior written approval to enter campus locations.

** Soliciting on campus or posting of handbills on vehicles is prohibited. Report any violation to the college police.*





Accreditation

The Dallas College Police Department is an accredited Police Department through the Texas Police Chief's Association and Texas Police Chief's Association Foundation.

The Texas Police Chief's Association was founded in 1958 to promote, encourage and advance the professional development of Chiefs of Police and senior management personnel through the State of Texas. TPCA is a statewide law enforcement administrators' organization for Texas and is determined to advance and improve law enforcement in Texas through the Texas Law Enforcement Best Practices Recognition Program. TPCA's focus is on ethical, value-based leadership principles and provides quality training programs on all issues involving the criminal justice system.





DALLAS COLLEGE POLICE DEPARTMENT

Brookhaven Campus

Police Office: Building B, Rm. B200

3939 Valley View Ln., Farmers Branch, TX 75244

Campus Facilities Security and Access

Security Gates

Gates installed at the two entrances of the Brookhaven campus stop all vehicular traffic between 11:30 p.m. and 6 a.m. Both the entrance and exit lanes, located at 3939 Valley View Lane and at the intersection of Alpha and McEwen roads, are blocked to help increase security during late evening/early morning hours.

Building Access

Brookhaven has a campuswide electronic access control system. Exterior doors of all buildings, classrooms and labs are equipped with electronic locks and controlled by the Electronic Access Control System. All buildings, classrooms and labs are unlocked and locked by the access control system as part of the campus' daily operation, and staff may gain access to these areas by use of proximity cards instead of hard keys. The access control system enables the campus to secure exterior doors as well as the classrooms and labs on campus with the push of one button, from Dispatch during campus emergencies, such as emergency lock-down situations. Furthermore, the access control system is utilized to safeguard equipment and computers permanently installed and stored on campus.

Brookhaven employees receive either an access card or identification card. These cards serve as picture ID cards and enable police officers to identify Brookhaven employees.

Buildings

Brookhaven has an "open" campus policy during the hours of operation. Generally, the campus is open from 6 a.m. until 10:30 p.m., Monday through Thursday. Friday and Saturday the campus is open from 6 a.m., until such time that classes in individual buildings have concluded for the day. Building A is only open if a class is in session.





Mountain View Campus

Police Office: Building W, Rm. W135

4849 W Illinois Avenue, Dallas, TX 75211

Campus Facilities Security and Access

Security Gates

Gates installed at all three entrances to the Mountain View campus stop all vehicular traffic between 11:30 p.m. and 5:30 a.m. The entrance and exit lanes located at 4849 W. Illinois Avenue, 1400 block of Knoxville Street, and 1600 block of Duncanville Road are blocked to help increase security during late evening and early morning hours.

Building Access

All buildings, classrooms and labs are secured by an electronic access control system, which may be used to secure the campus during an emergency. The electronic access control system is programmed to unlock and lock all the buildings, classrooms and labs. Employees are issued ID badges that allow access to the facilities and rooms limited to the areas of work.

Buildings

Mountain View has an “open” campus policy during the hours of operation. The campus is open from 6 a.m. until 11 p.m., Monday through Friday. On Saturday, the campus is open from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m. or until such time that any special event on campus has concluded. The Mountain View campus is closed on Sundays.

Eastfield Campus

Police Office: Building N, Rm. N112

3737 Motley Drive, Mesquite, TX 75150

Campus Building and Property Access

Eastfield campus hours of operation may vary. Main campus opens from 6 a.m. until 11 p.m., Monday through Friday. Saturday, the campus is open from 6 a.m. until such time as classes in individual buildings have ended for the day. The Pleasant Grove campus hours are 6 a.m. to 9 p.m., Monday through Friday. Sunday both campuses are closed. During periods when the college is closed (at night-time) only faculty, staff and contractors are allowed to enter the college, after informing Dallas College Police Department of the location where the person(s) can be located in case of an emergency.



El Centro Campus

Police Office: Building A, Rm A056

801 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75202

Security Gates

El Centro West Center and Bill J. Priest Center entrances are protected by security gates which open at 7 a.m. and close at 10 p.m. The El Centro West Center gate is located on Dennison St. near N. Hampton Rd. Bill J. Priest Center is protected by six security gates. One gate is located on N. Corinth St. at Syria Ct. One gate is located on Browder St. near Parker St. One gate opens on to Parker St. at the intersection of Parker and Browder. There are three security gates on Gould St. between N. Corinth and Parker streets.

Building Access

External building doors are controlled by an electronic locking system. The electronic access system is programmed to unlock exterior doors at 7 a.m. and then lock them at 8 p.m. Monday through Friday and 7:30 a.m. through 3:30 p.m. on Saturday. The system allows police to lock all exterior doors in the event of an emergency. "Push to Talk" emergency phones are available in elevators. These emergency phones connect the caller directly to police dispatch. El Centro campus always has a mandatory ID policy requiring all persons entering the campus to display a student/staff ID while on the premises. Visitors can sign in with security officers located near entrances and receive a visitor pass which must be displayed while on premises. El Centro campus is patrolled 24 hours per day, 7 days per week by both uniformed Dallas College Police Officers and contracted security officers. College Police at El Centro maintain random patrol patterns via foot, automobile, and bicycle units. Access to El Centro is limited to authorized personnel only between the hours of 9 p.m. and 6 a.m.

Grounds

El Centro is primarily an urban college located in the Downtown Dallas Central Business and West End Districts. El Centro does not maintain any outdoor sporting facilities and does not encompass any public use areas. El Centro does not have any open parking for students or staff. There are a variety privately owned paid surface lots and parking garages available. DART rail also offers reduced fares for students and staff. The West End Rail station is one block from the El Centro Campus. College Police may be contacted 24 hours per day, 7 days per week by calling Dallas College Police Dispatch at 972-860-4290 or by dialing 4290, or in an emergency 9-1-1 from any campus phone. El Centro campus satellite buildings located downtown, include the Paramount Building, which houses training for medical students and paramedics; One Main





Place, which houses training for fashion design students; and the Dental Hygiene Center, which offers training for those desiring to enter the dental industry. In addition, Building R is the host location for Early College High School (ECHS) dual credit students. Two additional locations have been added to El Centro campus. El Centro North Campus is located at 11830 Web Chapel Road and the South Dallas Training Center, located at 4915 Brashear Street.

Cedar Valley Campus

Police Office: Building E, Rm. E120

3030 N Dallas Avenue, Lancaster, TX 75134

Campus Facilities Security and Access

Security Gates

The Cedar Valley Campus has three main gates: Main entrance on Dallas Avenue, South entrance on Wintergreen Rd., and North entrance on gym road. Gates are locked overnight to increase safety and security.

Buildings

The Cedar Valley Campus and buildings are accessible Monday through Saturday from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. and closed on Sundays. All buildings are able to be secured electronically during an emergency.

North Lake (Main) Campus

Police Office: Building C, Rm. C204

5001 N MacArthur Blvd, Irving, TX 75038

Buildings

North Lake campus consists of a main campus and two satellite campuses. The main campus is open from 6 a.m. until 11 p.m., Monday through Friday. On Saturday, the campus is open from 6 a.m. until such time as classes in individual buildings have ended for the day. The North Lake campus is closed on Sunday. The North Lake West campus was closed in 2022. The North Lake North and North Lake South campuses are open from 6:45 a.m. until 10 p.m., Monday through Thursday and 6:45 a.m. until 2 p.m. on Fridays and closed on Saturdays and Sundays.



Richland Campus

Police Office: Pecos Hall, Rm. P160

12800 Abrams Road, Dallas, TX 75243

Campus Access

During business hours, the campus will be open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests, and invitees. During non-business hours access to all campus facilities is by key, keycard or via the Dallas College Police. The campus is open from 6 a.m. until 11 p.m., Monday through Friday. Saturday, the campus is open from 8 a.m. until 4:30 p.m. or such time as classes in individual buildings have ended for the day. Hours on Sunday are as necessary to accommodate classes.

Some facilities may have individual hours, which may vary at different times of the year. In these cases, the facilities will be secured according to schedules developed by the department responsible for the facility.

Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules.





Dallas College Police Department Jurisdiction

The Dallas College Police Department is the primary police authority for the campuses of Dallas College. Our police officers are certified Texas Peace Officers as defined in article 2.12 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.

Pursuant to Section 51.203 of the Texas Education Code, the primary jurisdiction of Dallas College police officers includes all counties in which property is owned, leased, rented or otherwise under the control of the Dallas College. As peace officers, the Department's police officers have the same authority to detain and arrest as municipal police officers.

The Dallas College Police Department is linked by computer to city, state and federal criminal justice agencies, which provides access to criminal records, wanted persons, stolen property listings and vehicle information.

Dispatchers are available at 972-860-4290 or via Dallas College landline extension 4290 or 911 24 hours a day to answer calls. Dallas College Police Department Dispatch will send an officer to respond to any call and file any appropriate reports. All reported crimes will be investigated by the Police Department and referred to the District Attorney's Office and/or Dallas College administration for prosecution, or discipline depending on the circumstances, and may become a matter of public record. Additional information obtained via the investigation will be forwarded to the Office of Student Judicial Services for potential action, as appropriate. If assistance is required from the local police department or the local fire department, Dallas College Police Department will contact the appropriate unit. If a sexual assault or rape should occur, staff on the scene, including Dallas College police officers, will offer the victim a wide variety of services.

The Dallas College Police Department maintains excellent working relationships with all area law enforcement agencies including the Dallas Police Department, the Irving Police Department, Mesquite Police Department, Farmer's Branch Police Department, Lancaster Police Department, Garland Police Department, DART Police Department, Richardson Police Department, and the Texas Department of Public Safety. These working relationships are maintained through periodic communication among agency administrators and by frequent contact between line officers and investigators cooperating on specific cases.





Jeanne Clery Disclosure

The Clery Act is the landmark federal law, originally known as the Campus Security Act. The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and Campus Crime Statistics Act require that colleges and universities publicize campus crime statistics and reports of serious crime incidents. An annual security report (ASR) must be published every year by October 1, containing three years of college crime statistics and certain college security policy statements. These publicized statistics are meant to warn students, employees and applicants of the prevalence of campus crime.

Students and employees must be given crime reports that include statistics on murder and non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape) robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft and arson. The Annual Security Report (ASR) must also describe how to report crimes and emergencies on the campuses, as well as the method used to collect data. The purpose of the Clery Act is to educate the college community about safety and security.

II. TIMELY WARNINGS AND PROCESS

Timely Warning Policy

Dallas College is required to provide on-going disclosures to the campus community under the Jeanne Clery Act. Timely warnings are issued in compliance with the Clery Act. This act requires that a timely warning be issued when one of the following offenses occurs on any Dallas College campus or center and there is reason to believe that there is a threat to students or employees. Timely Warning Notices will be distributed as soon as pertinent information is available, in a manner that withholds the names of victims as confidential, and with the goal of aiding in the prevention of similar occurrences.

All Dallas College campuses will issue timely warning notices to notify members of the community about serious crimes against people that occur on campus, where it is determined that the incident may pose an ongoing threat to members of the Dallas College community. These warnings will be distributed if the incident is reported either to Dallas College police directly or to the college police indirectly through a campus security authority.





The Dallas College Police Department issues/posts timely warnings for the following kinds of incidents:

1. Murder
2. Aggravated assault - Cases involving assaults among known parties will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if the individual is believed to be an ongoing threat to the larger community.
3. Robbery involving force or violence - Cases including pick pocketing and purse snatching will typically not result in the issuance of a Timely Warnings but will be assessed on a case-by-case basis.
4. Sexual assault - Incidents are considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the facts of the case, when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount of information known by the Dallas College Police Department.
5. Major incidents of arson
6. Other crimes as determined necessary by the Commander or Captain or his or her designee in his or her absence.

The following guide provides step-by-step instructions on how Dallas College Police should interact with appropriate communications and marketing staff whenever an alleged criminal activity transpires on Dallas College property and, by law, requires a timely notification under the Clery Act. In compliance with the “Timely Warning” provisions of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998, Dallas College must give notice of alleged criminal acts reported on Dallas College property.

In general, these communications steps apply to any reported and alleged criminal act at Dallas College:

1. Incident is logged by campus commander or Dallas College Police Department designee.
2. Once criteria for meeting the Clery threshold have been triggered, commanding officer (CO) emails CrisisComms@dcccd.onmicrosoft.com* (even in the absence of all details) that a criminal act has taken place at a specific campus and that more information is forthcoming.
3. CO continues to work through the details of the incident, gathering relevant information about the reported offense.





4. Using the Clery communications incident template (e.g., below), CO gathers basic information that constitutes a postable event notice and sends the completed form to CrisisComms@dcccd.onmicrosoft.com.
5. Concurrently, the senior director of communications and the senior director of employee communications, or their designates, edit the notice as needed for public posting.
6. Event notice is uploaded to www.dallascollege.edu/police-safety/pages/clery-notice.aspx by the marketing team. The employee communications team also drafts an email to be sent to the campus community, including students, faculty and staff. The digital experience team then sends the notice. The Police Department will also post the notice in campus buildings for seven days.
7. Business Continuity Office logs the event notice in the Clery notification archive. The Marketing and Communications Department maintains the timely warning notice on the website and digital archive.
8. The content team and an internal communications director, depending on the severity of the offense, determines whether any specific communication related to the Clery posting are needed for internal audiences. The senior director for communications will prepare a media statement if the event generates outside inquiries.

The Dallas College Police Department does not issue crime alerts for the above listed crimes if any of the following cases occur.

1. The department apprehends the subject(s) and the threat of imminent danger for members of any Dallas College community have been mitigated by the apprehension.
2. If a report was not filed with Dallas College Police department or if Dallas College Police department were not notified of the crime in a manner that would allow the department to post a “timely” warning for the community. A general guideline will include a report that is filed more than five days after the date of the alleged incident, as this may not allow Dallas College Police department to post a “timely” warning to the community. This type of situation will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.



3. Under the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act), institutions are required to immediately notify the campus community upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation occurring on the campus that involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees. Therefore, the Clery Act's scope includes the outbreak of a serious illness as a significant emergency.

Local Police Departments and Local Hospitals

Brookhaven Campus Police Office: Building B, Rm. B200 3939 Valley View Ln., Farmers Branch, TX 75244 http://dallascollege.edu/		972-860-4700
Dallas College Police Dispatch		972-860-4290
Emergency		911
Non-emergencies		972-860-4190
Farmers Branch Police Department, 3723 Valley View Ln, Farmers Branch, TX 75244		972-484-3620
Dallas Medical Center, 7 Medical Pkwy, Dallas, TX 75234 (open 24hrs) www.dallasmedcenter.com		972-247-1000
Cedar Valley Campus Police Office: Building F, Rm. F120 3030 N. Dallas Avenue, Lancaster, TX 75134 http://dallascollege.edu/		
Dallas College Police Dispatch		972-860-4290
Emergency		911
Non-emergencies		972-860-8286



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Emergency	911
Non-emergencies	214-860-2134
Dallas Police Department, 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001
Dallas Area Rapid Transit Police, 1401 Pacific Avenue, Dallas, TX 75202	214-979-1111
Methodist Medical Center 1441 Beckley Avenue, Dallas, TX 75203 (open 24hrs) www.methodisthealthsystem.org	214-947-8181
Parkland Hospital, 5201 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, TX 75235 www.parklandhospital.com	214-590-8000
Mountain View Campus Police Office: Building W, Rm. W135 4849 W. Illinois Avenue, Dallas, TX 75211 http://dallascollege.edu/	214-860-8680
Dallas College Police Dispatch	972-860-4290
Emergency	911
Non-emergencies	214-860-8758
Dallas Police Department, 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001
University General Hospital, 2929 S. Hampton Rd., Dallas, TX	214-623-4400
Methodist Medical Center 1441 Beckley Avenue, Dallas, TX 75203 (open 24hrs) www.methodisthealthsystem.org	214-947-8181
Charlton Methodist Medical Center, 3500 W. Wheatland Rd., Dallas, TX	214-947-7777





North Lake Campus Police Office: Building C, Rm. C204 5001 N. MacArthur Blvd., Irving, TX 75038 http://dallascollege.edu/		
Dallas College Police Dispatch Emergency Non-emergencies		972-860-4290 911 972-273-3302
Irving Police Department, 305 N. O'Connor Rd., Irving, TX 75061		972-273-2450
Baylor Scott & White Medical Center, 1901 N. MacArthur Blvd., Irving, TX 75061 (open 24hrs)		972-579-8100
Richland Campus Police Office: Pecos Hall, Rm. P160 12800 Abrams Rd., Dallas, TX 75243 http://dallascollege.edu/		972-238-6194
Police Dispatch Emergency Non-emergencies		972-860-4290 911 972-238-6174
Garland Police Department, 1891 Forest Ln, Garland, TX 75042		972-485-4840
Dallas Police Department Northeast Division, 6969 McCallum Blvd. B, Dallas, TX 75252		214-670-7253
Richardson Police Department, 140 N. Greenville Avenue, Richardson, TX 75081 www.richardsonpolice.net		972-744-4800
Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital, 8200 Walnut Hill Ln., Dallas TX 75231 (Open 24hrs) www.texashealth.org		214-345-6789





Other important contacts and resources

1. National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information, 800-729-6686
2. Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network (RAINN), 800-656-4673
3. National Domestic Violence Hotline, 800-799-7233
4. Child Abuse Hotline, 800-482-5964
5. Texas Department of Family and Protective Services, 800-252-5400
6. Texas Poison Control Network, 800-222-1222
7. Alcoholics Anonymous or Al-Anon, Dallas Area Office, 214-887-6699
8. Al-Anon Information 214-363-0461.
9. www.alcoholics-anonymous.org

III. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS AND PROCEDURES

Emergency Notifications

Dallas College Police Department will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus. Confirmation of the threat will be made by the on-scene Incident Commander.

Emergency/Immediate notification is triggered by an event that is currently occurring on or imminently threatening the campus. Emergency/Immediate notification is in response to a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus.

Emergency notification messages will be issued to students and employees upon the confirmation of a significant emergency, dangerous situation, incident, or crime impacting the Dallas College community and/or the surrounding area. Messages will be sent through email, the current emergency reporting app or text message. The Police Department will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the





professional judgement of the issuing authority, compromise efforts to assist a victim, or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Police on each campus will determine:

1. the appropriate segment or segments of the district/specific campus to notify based on the incident; and
2. the content of the notification based on the known information and the conditions of the incident.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Dallas College Police Department maintains an Emergency Response Plan that outlines responsibilities of campus units during emergencies. This plan outlines incident priorities, campus organization and specific responsibilities of units or positions.

Dallas College Police Department units are responsible for developing emergency response and continuity of operations plans for their areas and staff. Campus emergency management liaisons provide resources and guidance for the development of these plans.

Once the Police Department is notified, and upon confirming the emergency, the on-scene Incident Commander will use the public address system to alert the community of the threat. Evacuations are signaled by campus alerts through phone systems and mass notifications. Evacuations could be necessary in case of fire, bomb threat, or any other emergency, as deemed appropriate.

Definitions:

- Incident Commander (IC): The one person in charge during an emergency. The Incident Commander will be the most qualified competent expert present for the incident.
- College Emergency Response Team (CERT): College employees who have volunteered and received emergency management training. CERT members convey instructions from the IC and operate under the authority of the IC.
- Intruder Lockdown: Immediate threat at location. Person(s) at location intent on causing harm to others. If not at location, stay clear.





- Police Activity Lockdown: Potential threat near the location (example: robbery suspect being chased by police in area). If not at location, stay clear.
- Severe Weather Warning: Immediate threat of severe weather that requires taking immediate cover (example: tornado spotted in location's area).
- Shelter-in-Place: Immediate threat of a "noncriminal" nature (examples: hazardous spill outside; gas leak in area; chemical, biological, and radiological).
- Emergency Evacuation: Incident requiring evacuation of the building (example: confirmed or suspected bomb in the building).
- Campus Closing: Location closing due to weather, power outage, water main break, etc.
- Inclement Weather: College and/or campuses closing due to weather.
- All Clear: This message is sent when the emergency condition is over. Threat or condition no longer exists.

Evacuations:

1. Follow instructions from the College Emergency Response Team (CERT) members and/or first responders.
2. If it is safe to do so, take your personal belongings and put away sensitive material. Position all items you will take with you, so they are secure but quickly accessible. **Remember – No personal property or location property is worth risking your safety or life.**
3. After asking, assist staff or visitors with mobility issues who may need assistance.
4. Keep in mind that you might have to evacuate on foot in certain emergency situations (example: tanker fire blocking a road).





Evacuation at Locations with Multiple Floors

1. During evacuations, the fire department currently advises people not to carry individuals with disabilities downstairs, and of course, never use an elevator during a fire.
2. Attempt a rescue evacuation only if you have had evacuation rescue training or the person is in immediate life-threatening danger and cannot wait for professional assistance.
3. Always ask someone with a disability how you can help and their permission before attempting any rescue technique or giving assistance. Ask how he or she can best be assisted or moved, and whether there are any special considerations or items that need to come with the person.
4. In an evacuation from upper floors, if the elevators are unavailable (example: fire), the fire department recommends that you assist people with physical disabilities to the nearest accessible fire-rated stairwell, preferably near elevators, so first responders can override the elevator's fire-mode if it is safe to do so. Choose a visible spot out of the traffic flow.
5. If unable to exit a floor during a fire, in most buildings, inside a fire-rated stairwell is the place to wait for first responders.
6. Immediately send someone or go down the stairs and locate a first responder or CERT member who can relay the information to the Incident Commander, who will then dispatch first responders to the individual's location.
7. The fire department states that well-meaning individuals may cause injury or death to themselves or to their disabled friend if they attempt an untrained rescue.

Fire:

In case of fire at a college or service location of Dallas College:

1. Remember — No personal property or location property is worth risking your safety or life.



2. If it is safe to do so, take your personal belongings and put away sensitive material. Position all items you will take with you, so they are secure but quickly accessible.
3. Secure sensitive areas. If you work in a sensitive area, such as the cashier's office, secure these areas before leaving, if possible, to help prevent fire damage and/or theft.
4. After asking, assist staff or visitors with mobility issues who may need assistance.
5. Leave the area by means of the primary evacuation route. If this exit is blocked, use a secondary route.
6. Once outside the building, move at least 100 feet from the building. If instructed by College Emergency Response Team (CERT) members and/or first responders, move further away from the building(s). Wait for instructions.
7. Do not re-enter the building until police, CERT members and/or the fire department advises it is safe to do so.

Remember **R.A.C.E.** if you discover a fire:

1. Relocate — if it is safe to do so, relocate or rescue people in immediate danger. Instruct others to report to one of the gathering areas as you leave the building. Be aware of people who may need assistance.
2. Alarm — Pull the building fire alarm to alert others. Move to a safe location. Call **972-860-4029** (Central Dispatch) immediately using a cellphone, then contact a CERT member and report the precise location of the fire.
3. Confine — Close all doors, windows and other openings to confine the fire. Shut off fuel sources such as piped gases and compressed gas cylinders as you evacuate if this can be done safely.
4. Evacuate — evacuate building.



Fire Extinguishers

1. Use fire extinguishers only on small fires that are just starting to burn.
2. Never turn your back on a fire. Always keep a clear exit between you and the fire.
3. Lift the extinguisher by the bottom handle with one hand. The bottom handle will not activate the extinguisher.
4. Most extinguishers will have a plastic tab around the handle. Grasp the tab, pull and twist to break free. Discard tab.
5. Follow the **P.A.S.S.** acronym:
 - Pull** — Pull the pin or ring after breaking plastic tie.
 - Aim** — Aim the nozzle at the base of the fire.
 - Squeeze** — Squeeze or press the handles together.
 - Sweep** — Sweep the nozzle slowly from side to side, aiming at the base of the fire.
6. Continue until the extinguisher is empty.
7. Exit to a safe location.
8. Any type of fire must be reported. Call **911** on a district phone or Central Dispatch at **972-860-4290** on your cellphone.

Bomb Threats

If you receive a bomb threat by telephone:

1. Do not pull a fire alarm.
2. Keep the caller on the phone if possible.
3. Do not interrupt the caller.
4. If the telephone has a caller ID, note the telephone number.
5. Use the Department of Homeland Security Bomb Threat Checklist.



6. Perform a quick search of your area to identify suspicious or unfamiliar packages or items.
7. Do not touch any suspected item.

If you receive a bomb threat through another method:

1. If the bomb threat is handwritten, do not touch the object it was written on.
2. If the message is electronic in nature, do not delete it. Do not forward unless instructed by the authorities.
3. Perform a quick search of your area to identify suspicious or unfamiliar packages or items.
4. Do not touch any suspected item.

In all the above incidents, call **911** on a college or district service location phone. If a college/district phone is not available, use any available phone and dial Central Dispatch at 972-860-4290.

Finding a Suspected Bomb

1. Do not pull a fire alarm.
2. Do not touch the suspected bomb.
3. Leave the immediate area and inform others in your area as you exit.
4. If it is safe to do so, take your personal belongings. Position the items so they are secure but quickly accessible.
5. Do not turn on or use a cellphone in the suspected bomb.
6. Call **911** away from the suspected bomb.

Intruder Lockdowns and Violent Criminal Behavior

Dial **911** on a college phone. If a college phone is not available, use any available phone and dial Central Dispatch at **972-860-4290**.

All intervention in criminal activity is the responsibility and duty of district police officers and local law enforcement.





No uniform policy can make determinations for all circumstances that may arise. Evacuating may be the best decision in one set of circumstances, while getting behind a locked and/or barricaded door may be more effective in another set of circumstances.

1. If immediate harm is not present, leave the area and advise others to leave the location as quickly as possible.
2. If conditions present immediate harm, go to interior rooms and spaces that place as many walls and barriers between you and the event as possible. When you get into the room, turn out the lights and close any window blinds. **Be sure to silence your cellphones.** Even “vibrate mode” is too loud with many cellphones. Get low to the floor.
3. In most situations, if an Intruder Lockdown is announced, everyone should place themselves behind locked doors and/or in barricaded rooms.
4. As you enter a room, try bringing as many people as you can into the room.
5. Once you and others are locked or barricaded in a room, do not open the door for anyone, even if they are begging. If you open the door, the suspect simply has more victims.
6. Remain in safe areas until directed by police and/or fire personnel to evacuate. Do not open a door simply because someone shouts, they are a police officer or first responder.

During an Intruder Lockdown incident, the wait could be exceptionally long. Police will have to go room by room to ensure that there are no further threats to public safety.

1. In most cases, district police officers will be backed up by city or county police officers whose uniforms you might not recognize.
2. Follow police officer’(s) instructions. Unless instructed otherwise, put your hands-on top of your head. Do not make sudden moves — like quickly reaching for your belongings when they enter the room. Even the district police officers whom you speak to every day.
3. May not recognize you during an emergency. The officers will be focusing on your hands, not your face.



Options if you are caught out in the open:

1. Keep moving until you find an open room that you can lock or barricade.
2. Keep moving until you find a good hiding place.
3. Play dead. This only works after the shooting has started — the suspect knows where he/she has been in the building.
4. Fight back. This is a personal decision and should only be used as a last resort.

Active Shooter

Notify immediately, as possible: Others in the area avoid drawing attention from perpetrators!

Secure the area: close, barricade and lock doors if possible, and secure yourself:

- Remain silent: TURN OFF cellphones and computers
- Turn off lights
- Do not move or walk around
- Crouch down and remain motionless
- Put physical barriers between you and the entrance to your area
- If no barriers are available, lie on the floor away from high traffic areas and remain motionless when is it over? Await an 'All Clear' message from police on the scene

CALL: If you perceive a threat or emergency: Dial **911** from a campus phone or call

972-860-4290 (Dispatch) from a cellphone, send text messages if possible – do not use voice.

Police Activity Lockdown

For college service locations without the ability to lock outside doors quickly, the following steps will be taken during a police activity lockdown:

1. Report to the nearest room and lock or barricade the door.
2. Turn out the lights and close any window blinds.



3. Silence your cellphones.
4. Wait for an “all clear” message.

For college service locations with the ability to lock outside doors quickly, the following steps will be taken during a police activity lockdown:

1. The exterior doors will be locked by police officers or assigned district employees.
2. Message(s) will be sent out with information and/or instructions.
3. Signs will be posted on exterior doors advising people outside of the lockdown with a number to call for the public.
4. If you are outside the building, leave the area and wait for an “all clear” message.
5. All students and employees will remain inside the building (do not stand in the doorway or go in and out).
6. Wait for an “all clear” message.
7. Incident Commander has the authority to modify the Police Activity Lockdown instructions.

Weapon at location

If you see someone with a weapon on campus or at a service location, or you are told someone has a weapon:

Dial **911** on a college phone. If a college phone is not available, use any available phone, dial Central Dispatch at **972-860-4290** and give the dispatcher the following information:

1. Location of the person with the weapon or where they were last seen.
2. The name of the person suspected to have the weapon (if known)
3. A brief description of the person such as clothing, race, sex, etc.
4. The weapon type (pistol, rifle, knife, shotgun, etc.)



Evacuate the area and advise others to do the same. Under no circumstance should you approach the person and inquire about the weapon.

Terrorism

External threats

Threats of terror make it impossible to have a planned response. General guidelines in all such situations follow:

- Maintain personal situation awareness.
 - Check weather information before leaving home each day
 - Check news before leaving home each day
 - Be alert to unusual activities or persons in areas you frequent and communicate any concerns to Campus Police by dialing **911** from a campus phone or **972-860-4290** from a cellphone
- Work with others to remain calm and prepare to follow directions.
- Listen to official information sources on campus and through the media.
- Stay away from incident scenes and move a safe distance away from the area if you observe an incident in progress.
- Avoid starting rumors that may mislead others into making dangerous choices.
- If appraised of an incident or potential incident, be prepared to move quickly.

Internal threats

- If you perceive individual behavior that appears threatening or that may escalate to violence, contact:
 - A Campus Police officer via Dispatch: **911** from a campus phone or **972-860-4290** from a cellphone
 - If there is immediate threat – **CALL THE POLICE 972-860-4290**





Medical Emergencies

Call **911** on a college service location phone.

If a college phone is not available, use any available phone, dial Central Dispatch at **972-860-4290** and:

1. Initiate lifesaving measures if required and you are trained to do so.
2. Do not move an injured person unless there is a danger of further harm.
3. Keep the injured person warm.
4. Remain with the victim until medical assistance arrives.
5. Have a designated person meet emergency personnel when they arrive and escort them to the location.
6. Report the incident.

Medical Transportation

1. The district will not assume payment for ambulance transportation.
2. Individuals refusing transportation by ambulance are solely responsible for the decision. An individual cannot be forced to accept medical assistance.
3. Individuals refusing ambulance transportation to a medical facility will be responsible for their transportation to a medical facility: i.e., getting transportation from a friend or family member.

Note: The college is not liable for accidents or injuries involving transporting a person in a privately owned vehicle.

Reporting Safety Issues

Safety hazards including but not limited to the following should be reported to the location's Facilities Office:

1. Trip and fall hazards





2. Fire hazards
3. Unsafe activities
4. Lights not working
5. Locks or doors not working
6. Electrical hazards
7. Parking lot hazards
8. Unsafe situations

Any injury or exposure to a hazardous substance or body fluids should be reported to the Health Center and the Human Resources Office if the person involved is a Dallas College employee.

Power Outage

In the event of a power outage, emergency lighting will automatically be activated.

Have one person in your area contact the college or service location Facilities Office. Wait for further instructions from Facilities.

Severe Weather

There are two types of severe weather alerts:

Watch: A watch is a public notification that weather conditions exist that could lead to a warning.

Warning: A warning is an alert by the National Weather Service confirming an actual event that is occurring, giving time, location, speed and direction of movement.

If severe weather is imminent:

1. Remain calm. Do not exit the building.





2. Notify people in your area to quickly get away from the perimeter of the building and exterior glass.
3. Proceed to one of the marked Safer Zone areas (areas that most closely meet NOAA guidelines for severe weather) and close the door to prevent injury from flying debris.

Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA) Weather Warnings Sent to Your Smart Phone:

Students and employees who own the newer smart phones are set up to receive WEA messages (unless the person has changed the phone's settings). These messages include severe and/or extreme weather alerts. Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA) are emergency messages sent by government authorities through your mobile carrier. The weather warnings come from the National Weather Service (NWS).

If you receive a weather message telling you to "take shelter," then do so and inform those near you. Be aware that Central Dispatch, police officers and emergency management personnel receive warnings from the NWS roughly the same time as you receive the WEA messages. It will take a short period of time for the district to rebroadcast the message in its notification systems.

The district's notification systems also may be affected by power outages or system failures, so always follow the instructions from a reliable source such as WEA.

Inclement Weather

In the event there is a question as to whether we will be closed due to inclement weather, the following options are available:

1. College websites
2. College social media
3. News stations
4. Signing up for the district's notification services in your eConnect account





Hazardous spills

Do not attempt to remove and/or clean up a hazardous spill.

Hazardous materials can include but are not limited to:

1. Cleaners
2. Ammonia products
3. Solvents
4. Paint products
5. Chemicals
6. Blood/body fluids

Call the colleges or location's Facilities Office.

Hazardous Spills outside the Building

Follow instructions from authorities and/or College Emergency Response Team (CERT) members as to whether to evacuate or shelter-in-place. If you are instructed to remain in the building, proceed to one of the marked, designated Tornado Safer Zone areas.

Chemical, Biological or Radiological Incident

In the case of a chemical, biological or radiological incident, follow the instruction of police officers, first responders and/or CERT members. In most cases, staying inside a building is your best protection unless instructed to do otherwise by authorities.

Dallas College Police Department will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus. As per the requirements of the law, Campus Police and the Marketing and Creative Services Office will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the judgment of the first responders (including, but not limited to: campus police, local police departments) compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate emergency.



The various systems the institution has in place for communicating information quickly to the college community include the following.

1. Telephone public address system
2. Text messages to subscribed cellphones
3. Net support - Written messages sent to all computer monitors at the college
4. Officers' public contact
5. College social media sites
6. Digital signage around the campus
7. College website
8. Place fliers on entry doors to buildings

The Marketing and Communications Office will post updates during a critical incident on the Dallas College website at www.DallasCollege.edu.

Emergency Drills

Scheduled and non-scheduled tests are planned by the Dallas College Police Department Emergency Management Liaisons for the Spring and Fall semesters for the college. Evacuation routes are posted in various spots in each building.

Once the list of test dates is approved, the dates are posted online and in the Student Life calendar to ensure students and employees are aware of when scheduled drills are taking place.

Immediately prior to the test beginning, a PA announcement is made to alert people on the college campus. The marquee light board will post the message when the test starts and is over. Once the test is over the ICS staff will follow up in a meeting to discuss the results of the test. A report is completed in the Police Departments Record Management System to document the test. This report describes the exercise, including the date and time and whether or not the exercise was announced.

In conjunction with other emergency agencies, the college conducts emergency response drills and exercises each year, such as tabletop exercises, field exercises and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests, which may be announced or unannounced, are





designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. Each test is documented and includes a description of the exercise, the date and time of the exercise and whether it was announced or unannounced.

The college publicizes a summary of the emergency response and evacuation procedures via email at least once each year in conjunction with a test (exercise and drill) that meets all the requirements of the Higher Education Opportunity Act.

Dallas College does not have residence halls and therefore is not required to do annual fire drills. We do, however, conduct building evacuation drills. The purpose of evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. At Dallas College evacuation drills are used to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building. During the drill, occupants “practice” drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm.

CAMPUS EMERGENCY DRILLS:

CAMPUS/LOCATION	EXERCISE/DRILL	DATE	TIME	ANNOUNCED/UNANNOUNCED
Mountain View Campus	Intruder Lockdown	2/9/2022	10:15	Unannounced.
Brookhaven Campus	Fire	2/16/ 2022	13:00	Unannounced.



North Lake Campus	Fire Drill	8/10/2022	10:08	Unannounced.
Eastfield Campus	Severe Weather	12/7/2022	9:33	Unannounced.
Richland Campus	Intruder Lockdown	12/1/2022	1:27	Unannounced.
El Centro Campus	Fire Drill	3/23/2022	12:54	Unannounced.
Cedar Valley Campus	Lock Down	9/19/2022	9:30	Unannounced.





General Evacuation Procedures

At the sound of a fire alarm or if you are instructed to evacuate, leave your work area immediately and proceed to the nearest exit, and leave the building. If you are the first to recognize a fire station, activate the alarm, evacuate to a safe location using the nearest exit, and notify dispatch **(972-860-4290)** or dial **911**.

1. Remain calm.
2. Do not use elevators, use the stairs.
3. Assist the physically impaired. If he/she is unable to exit without using an elevator, secure a safe location near a stairwell, and immediately inform dispatch or the responding fire department of the individual's location.
4. Proceed to a clear area at least 150 feet from the building. Keep all walkways clear for emergency vehicles.
5. Make sure all personnel are out of the building.
6. Do not reenter the building.

Shelter in place notification

A shelter in place notification may come from several sources, dispatch, college employees, local PD or other authorities utilizing the campus emergency communications tools.

Shelter in Place Procedures

If an incident occurs and the buildings or areas around you become unstable, or if the air outdoors becomes dangerous due to toxic or irritating substances, it is usually safer to stay indoors, because leaving the area may expose you to that danger. "Shelter in place" means to make a shelter of the building that you are in, and with a few adjustments this location can be made even safer and more comfortable until it is safe to go outside. Once the police or fire department personnel are on scene, follow their directions.



How to “Shelter in Place”

No matter where you are, the basic steps of shelter in place will remain the same. Follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

1. If you are inside, stay where you are. Collect any emergency shelter in place supplies and a telephone to be used in case of emergency. If you are outdoors, proceed into the closest building quickly or follow instructions from emergency personnel on the scene.
2. Locate a room to shelter inside. It should be:
 - an interior room,
 - above ground level; and
 - without windows or with the least number of windows. If there is a large group of people inside a building, several rooms necessary.
3. Shut and lock all windows (tighter seal) and close exterior doors.
4. Turn off air conditioners, heaters and fans.
5. Close vents to ventilation system as you can. (Campus staff will turn off the ventilation as quickly as possible.)
6. Make a list of the people with you and ask someone (hall staff, faculty or other staff) to call the list in to dispatch so they know where you are sheltering. If only students are present, one of the students should call in the list.
7. Turn on a radio or TV and listen for further instructions.
8. Make yourself comfortable.



IV. CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS

Daily Crime Log

Consistent with the Clery Act requirements, the Dallas College Police Department maintains a daily crime log that records, listed by the date the incident was reported, all crimes and other serious incidents that occur:

1. On any campus
2. In a non-campus building or property owned or operated by the College or its students in a reasonably contiguous geographic area
3. On public property within, adjacent to, or immediately accessible from the campus
4. Or within the departments patrol jurisdiction

The daily crime log is available for public inspection at every Dallas College Police department. The daily crime log includes the nature, date, time, and general location of each crime reported to the department, as well as its disposition (if this information is known at the time.) The department posts incidents in the daily crime log within two business days of receiving a report of an incident, in accordance with the Clery Act.

Clery Geographic Areas

Pursuant to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Crime Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 USC 1092) ("Clery Act"), each Campus must identify the geographic territories in or on which the occurrence of Clery Act crimes will trigger responsibilities under the Clery Act. These include:

1. Buildings and property that are part of the campus
2. Public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus
3. Non-campus buildings or property (collectively referred to as "Clery Act Geography"). The definitions for these geographic categories are Clery Act specific and are the same for every institution regardless of its physical size or configuration



Clery reportable locations:

On Campus Property (OC) — Any building or property owned or controlled by a school within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the school in direct support of or in a manner related to its educational purposes and, property within the same reasonably contiguous area that is owned by the school but controlled by another person, frequently used by students and supports the school's purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

Public Property (PP) — All public property including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities within the same campus or immediately adjacent to and easily accessible from the campus. This would not include, for example, highways that are adjacent to the campus, but that are separated from the campus by a fence or other man-made barrier. A school may use a map to visually illustrate the areas included in the definition of its campus.

Non-Campus Building or Property (NCP) — Any building or property owned or controlled by the school, which is not within the same reasonable contiguous area, but is used in direct support of or in relation to the school's educational purpose and is frequently used by the students.

Campus Security Authorities

Campus Security Authorities (CSA's) are individuals identified by their role with each campus who have federally mandated responsibilities to report crimes that they witness or that are reported to them. The intent of including non-law enforcement personnel in the role of a CSA is to acknowledge that some campus community members may be hesitant about reporting crime to police but may be more inclined to report incidents to other campus affiliated individuals.

CSAs are officials with significant responsibility for student and campus activities:

1. Professional staff in a dean of student's office (including leaders in student affairs)
2. Student activities staff
3. Faculty or staff advisors to student organizations
4. Coaches
5. Title IX Coordinators



6. Campus Police Department
7. Individuals who have responsibility for campus security

Campus Security Authorities do not include faculty members who do not have responsibility for a student or campus activity beyond the classroom, or:

1. Clerical staff
2. Dining staff
3. Facilities or maintenance staff
4. Health care staff

If Campus Security Authorities observe any crime listed below, or if any person reveals to a CSA, in good faith, that they learned of or was the victim of, perpetrator of, or witness to any crime listed below, the CSA must immediately notify the Dallas College Police Department. Clery Act crimes reported to any local municipal police will be included if the municipal police agency notifies the Dallas College Police Department and the reported crime occurred in an area for which the institution is responsible.

Clery Crimes that should be reported:

1. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter
2. Negligent manslaughter
3. Forcible sex offenses
4. Non-forcible sex offenses
5. Robbery
6. Aggravated assault
7. Burglary
8. Motor vehicle theft
9. Arson
10. Dating violence





11. Domestic violence
12. Stalking
13. All hate crimes involving any of the above offenses
14. All hate crimes involving bodily injury, simple assault, larceny/theft, intimidation, and damage/vandalism of property
15. All liquor, drug or weapons law violations resulting in an arrest or referral.

Definitions of Reportable crimes:

Criminal Homicide

1. **Murder and non-negligent manslaughter** - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.
2. **Negligent manslaughter** - The killing of another person through gross negligence

Sexual Offenses

1. **Sexual assault** – an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program a sex offense is “any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim if incapable of giving consent.
2. **Rape** – is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. The offense includes the rape of both males and females.
1. **Incest** - Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
2. **Statutory Rape** – is sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.





Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied using a weapon or by a means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used that could and would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony, breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny, housebreaking, safecracking, and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Motor vehicle theft is classified as any case where a person takes an automobile not having lawful access, even if the vehicle is later abandoned, including joy riding.

Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Other Offenses:

Liquor law violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal Transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned activities. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)





Drug abuse violations

Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapons law violations

The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: the manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; the carrying of deadly weapons, or open carry.

V. REPORTING A CRIME

Incident Reporting and Response

Any criminal offense, suspected criminal activity, or other emergency on campus should be reported directly to the Dallas College Police Department by telephone, in person, or by dialing **972-860-4290** (Dispatch) from any campus phone or by using one of the emergency telephones located throughout our campuses. Campus elevators are also equipped with emergency phones. Upon receipt of the call, the police telecommunications personnel can supply information or dispatch officers, as necessary.

If while at a Dallas College campus, you witness a crime or emergency, promptly report it to the Dallas College Police Department and be prepared to answer questions as accurately as you can. The subsequent investigation can only be as thorough as the information received. If you are the victim of a crime or you have seen or received information of criminal activity or other emergency, please contact the Dallas College Police Department immediately. Police personnel in vehicles, on foot or on bicycles are eager to be of assistance and may be contacted directly. The Dallas College Police Department will respond as quickly and safely as possible to any request for assistance, whether it is an emergency or not. Response time is based on current activity and severity of the call.

Crimes in progress, alarms, traffic accidents with injuries and medical assists have a higher priority than other types of calls. Prompt and accurate crime reports are critical, no matter when they occur. If a crime is not promptly reported, evidence can be destroyed or the





potential to apprehend the suspect is lost. Without accurate reports, leads could be missed, and the investigation could head in the wrong direction. Promptly report all crimes to the Dallas College Police Department and be prepared to answer questions as accurately as possible.

Reporting Criminal Offenses to Dallas College Police

Dallas College Police Department strongly encourages all members of its community to report any criminal offense occurring on campus to the Dallas College Police Department. The victim has the choice whether to make such a report and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police. A victim may request assistance in notifying local law enforcement in the event the offense occurred off campus. The Dallas College Police Department can be contacted by phone at **972-860-4290** (Dispatch), in person or online.

Please provide as much information as possible, such as:

1. Name and the location calling from.
2. Describe what has happened or the nature of call.
3. Give detailed information on any suspect(s) involved.
4. Whether an ambulance is needed for any possible injuries.
5. Report knowledge of any theft, vandalism, threats, suspicious activity, disruptive students, verbal abuse, drug activity, or traffic accidents/violations/speeding.
6. Security issues may also be reported, such as trip hazards, electrical hazards, inoperative doors/outdoor lighting, parking hazards, locked/malfunctioning doors, or fire hazards.
7. Be prepared to answer specific questions the dispatcher may ask in order to obtain necessary information relevant to the call for service.

Faculty, staff, and students are encouraged to report any problems with the campus environment directly to Dallas College Police, but also report criminal offenses to designated campus officials (including, but not limited to, directors, deans and department heads) or to other surrounding local law enforcement agencies.

Crimes can be reported anonymously by calling Dallas Crime Stoppers at (214) 373-8477. The Dallas College Police Department, Counseling and Psychological Services, and the Department of Student Affairs at each campus will accept confidential and anonymous reports of crimes for inclusion in the annual statistical report. Although exempt from the reporting requirements of





the Clery Act, pastoral and professional mental health counselors are encouraged to refer persons to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual statistics especially if the incident poses a continuous threat to the campus. The Dallas College Police Department's goal is to provide assistance wherever the report is made to make sure all information is included in the annual security report.

Voluntary Confidential Reporting

Victims that do not want to pursue action within the campus system or the criminal justice system may still want to consider making a confidential report. With the victim's permission an officer can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing the victim's identity (except to the Title IX coordinator in the event of a reported sex offense or sexual harassment). The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with the victim's wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to enhance the future safety of the victim and others. With this information, the campus can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees and visitors; determine where there is a pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method or assailant; and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution.

Notice of Penalty for False Alarm or Report

As of Sept. 1, 2013, an offense committed under Section 42.06, of the Texas Penal Code, Making a False Alarm or Report, a person commits an offense if they knowingly initiate, communicate, or circulate a report of a present, past, or future bombing, fire, offense, or another emergency that they know is false or baseless and that would ordinarily:

- (1) cause action by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies.
- (2) place a person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; or
- (3) prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building, room, place of assembly, place to which the public has access, or aircraft, automobile, or other mode of conveyance.

An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$4,000; confinement in jail for a term not to exceed one year; or both such fine and confinement.



If the false report is of an emergency involving a public or private institution of higher education or involving a public primary or secondary school, public communications, public transportation, public water, gas or power supply or other public service, the offense is a state jail felony. An individual adjudged guilty of a state jail felony shall be punished by confinement in a state jail for any term of not more than two years or less than 180 days. In addition to confinement, an individual adjudged guilty of a state jail felony may be punished by a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

This notification is in compliance with Section 51.219, Texas Education Code, and Notification of Penalty for False Alarm or Report.

Monitoring of Criminal Activities of Student Organization Locations

Dallas College does not have any officially recognized non-campus student organizations and has no policy, through local police, regarding the monitoring and recording of criminal activity.

VI. SEXUAL OFFENSES AND PROTOCOL

Sexual Offenses and Sexual Misconduct: Federal Clery Act Definitions

Dallas College Police Department prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking (as defined by the Clery Act) and reaffirms its commitment to maintaining a campus environment that emphasizes the dignity and worth of all members of the college community. Toward that end, Dallas College issues this statement of policy to inform the campus community of our programs to address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as well as the procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, which will be followed regardless of whether the incident occurs on or off campus when it is reported to a college official.

Definitions:

Sexual Assault

An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is “any sexual act directed against



another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.”

1. Rape is defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
2. Fondling is defined as the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
3. Incest is defined as sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
4. Statutory Rape is defined as sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

For the Purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Domestic Violence

Violence committed:

1. By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
2. By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
3. By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
4. By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;
or
5. By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.





For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

1. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the people involved in the relationship.
2. For the purposes of this definition: Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Stalking

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to

- A. Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- B. Suffer substantial emotional distress.

1. For the purposes of this definition "course of conduct" means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
2. "Reasonable person" means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
3. "Substantial emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.





For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Texas Definitions of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Sexual Assault: The state of Texas defines sexual assault as follows:

Texas Penal Code Sec. 22.011. SEXUAL ASSAULT

(a) A person commits an offense:

(1) if the person intentionally or knowingly:

- (A) Causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of another person by any means, without that person's consent.
- (B) Causes the penetration of the mouth of another person by the sexual organ of the actor, without that person's consent; or
- (C) Causes the sexual organ of another person, without that person's consent, to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; or

(2) regardless of whether the person knows the age of the child at the time of the offense intentionally or knowingly:

- (A) causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of a child by any means;
- (B) causes the penetration of the mouth of a child by the sexual organ of the actor.
- (C) causes the sexual organ of a child to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor.
- (D) causes the anus of a child to contact the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; or
- (E) causes the mouth of a child to contact the anus or sexual organ of another person, including the actor.





- (b) A sexual assault under Subsection (a)(1) is without the consent of the other person if:
- (1) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by the use of physical force or violence.
 - (2) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence against the other person, and the other person believes that the actor has the present ability to execute the threat.
 - (3) the other person has not consented, and the actor knows the other person is unconscious or physically unable to resist.
 - (4) the actor knows that as a result of mental disease or defect the other person is at the time of the sexual assault incapable either of appraising the nature of the act or of resisting it.
 - (5) the other person has not consented, and the actor knows the other person is unaware that the sexual assault is occurring.
 - (6) the actor has intentionally impaired the other person's power to appraise or control the other person's conduct by administering any substance without the other person's knowledge.
 - (7) the actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence against any person, and the other person believes that the actor has the ability to execute the threat.
 - (8) the actor is a public servant who coerces the other person to submit or participate.
 - (9) the actor is a mental health services provider or a health care services provider who causes the other person, who is a patient or former patient of the actor, to submit or participate by exploiting the other person's emotional dependency on the actor.
 - (10) the actor is a clergyman who causes the other person to submit or participate by exploiting the other person's emotional dependency on the clergyman in the clergyman's professional character as spiritual adviser;
 - (11) the actor is an employee of a facility where the other person is a resident, unless the employee and resident are formally or informally married to each other under Chapter 2, Family Code;





- (12) the actor is a health care services provider who, in the course of performing an assisted reproduction procedure on the other person, uses human reproductive material from a donor knowing that the other person has not expressly consented to the use of material from that donor;
- (13) the actor is a coach or tutor who causes the other person to submit or participate by using the actor's power or influence to exploit the other person's dependency on the actor; or
- (14) the actor is a caregiver hired to assist the other person with activities of daily life and causes the other person to submit or participate by exploiting the other person's dependency on the actor.

(c) In this section:

- (1) "Child" means a person younger than 17 years of age.
- (2) "Spouse" means a person who is legally married to another.
- (3) "Health care services provider" means:
 - (A) a physician licensed under Subtitle B, Title 3, Occupations Code.
 - (B) a chiropractor licensed under Chapter 201, Occupations Code.
 - (C) a physical therapist licensed under Chapter 453, Occupations Code.
 - (D) a physician assistant licensed under Chapter 204, Occupations Code; or
 - (E) a registered nurse, a vocational nurse, or an advanced practice nurse licensed under Chapter 301, Occupations Code.
- (4) "Mental health services provider" means an individual, licensed, or unlicensed, who performs or purports to perform mental health services, including a:
 - (A) licensed social worker as defined by Section 505.002, Occupations Code.
 - (B) chemical dependency counselor as defined by Section 504.001, Occupations Code.
 - (C) licensed professional counselor as defined by Section 503.002, Occupations Code.





- (D) licensed marriage and family therapist as defined by Section 502.002, Occupations Code.
 - (E) member of the clergy.
 - (F) psychologist offering psychological services as defined by Section 501.003, Occupations Code; or
 - (G) special officer for mental health assignment certified under Section 1701.404, Occupations Code.
- (5) “Employee of a facility” means a person who is an employee of a facility defined by Section 250.001, Health and Safety Code, or any other person who provides services for a facility for compensation, including a contract laborer.
- (6) “Assisted reproduction” and “donor” have the meanings assigned by Section 160.102, Family Code.
- (7) “Human reproductive material” means:
- (A) a human spermatozoon or ovum; or
 - (B) a human organism at any stage of development from fertilized ovum to embryo.
- (d) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (a)(2) that the conduct consisted of medical care for the child and did not include any contact between the anus or sexual organ of the child and the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of the actor or a third party.
- (e) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under Subsection (a)(2):
- (1) that the actor was the spouse of the child at the time of the offense; or
 - (2) that:
 - (A) the actor was not more than three years older than the victim and at the time of the offense:
 - (i) was not required under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure, to register for life as a sex offender; or



- (ii) was not a person who under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure, had a reportable conviction or adjudication for an offense under this section; and
- (B) the victim:
 - (i) was a child of 14 years of age or older; and
 - (ii) was not
 - (a) a person whom the actor was prohibited from marrying or purporting to marry or with whom the actor was prohibited from living under the appearance of being married under Section 25.01; or
 - (b) a person with whom the actor was prohibited from engaging in sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse under Section 25.02.
- (f) An offense under this section is a felony of the second degree, except that an offense under this section is
 - (1) a felony of the first degree if the victim was:
 - (A) a person whom the actor was prohibited from marrying or purporting to marry or with whom the actor was prohibited from living under the appearance of being married under Section 25.01; or
 - (B) a person with whom the actor was prohibited from engaging in sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse under Section 25.02; or
 - (2) a state jail felony if the offense was committed under Section (a)(1) and the actor has not received express consent as described in Subsection (b)(12).

Texas Penal Code Sec. 22.021. AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ASSAULT

- (a) A person commits an offense:
 - (1) if the person:
 - (A) intentionally or knowingly:



- (i) causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of another person by any means, without that person's consent.
 - (ii) causes the penetration of the mouth of another person by the sexual organ of the actor, without that person's consent; or
 - (iii) causes the sexual organ of another person, without that person's consent, to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; or
 - (B) regardless of whether the person knows the age of the child at the time of the offense, intentionally or knowingly:
 - (i) causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of a child by any means;
 - (ii) causes the penetration of the mouth of a child by the sexual organ of the actor;
 - (iii) causes the sexual organ of a child to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor;
 - (iv) causes the anus of a child to contact the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; or
 - (v) causes the mouth of a child to contact the anus or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; and
- (2) if:
- (A) the person:
 - (i) causes serious bodily injury or attempts to cause the death of the victim or another person in the course of the same criminal episode.
 - (ii) by acts or words places the victim in fear that any person will become the victim of an offense under Section 20A.02(a) (3), (4), (7), or (8) or that death, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping will be imminently inflicted on any person.
 - (iii) by acts or words occurring in the presence of the victim threatens to cause any person to become the victim of an offense under Section 20A.02(a)(3), (4), (7), or (8) or to cause the death, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping of any person.
 - (iv) uses or exhibits a deadly weapon in the course of the same criminal episode.



- (v) acts in concert with another who engages in conduct described by Subdivision (1) directed toward the same victim and occurring during the course of the same criminal episode; or
 - (vi) with the intent of facilitating the commission of the offense, administers or provides to the victim of the offense any substance capable of impairing the victim's ability to appraise the nature of the act or to resist the act;
 - (B) the victim is younger than 14 years of age, regardless of whether the person knows the age of the victim at the time of the offense; or
 - (C) the victim is an elderly individual or a disabled individual.
- (b) In this section:
- (1) "Child" has the meaning assigned by Section 22.011(c).
 - (2) "Elderly individual" has the meaning assigned by Section 22.04(c).
 - (3) "Disabled individual" means a person older than 13 years of age who by reason of age or physical or mental disease, defect, or injury is substantially unable to protect the person's self from harm or to provide food, shelter, or medical care for the person's self.
- (c) An aggravated sexual assault under this section is without the consent of the other person if the aggravated sexual assault occurs under the same circumstances listed in Section 22.011(b).
- (d) The defense provided by Section 22.011(d) applies to this section.
- (e) An offense under this section is a felony of the first degree.
- (f) The minimum term of imprisonment for an offense under this section is increased to 25 years if:
- (1) the victim of the offense is younger than six years of age at the time the offense is committed; or
 - (2) the victim of the offense is younger than 14 years of age at the time the offense is committed, and the actor commits the offense in a manner described by Subsection (a)(2)(A).



Texas Penal Code Sec. 21.01. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

- (1) “Deviate sexual intercourse” means:
 - (A) any contact between any part of the genitals of one person and the mouth or anus of another person; or
 - (B) the penetration of the genitals or the anus of another person with an object.
- (2) “Sexual contact” means, except as provided by Section 21.11 or 21.12, any touching of the anus, breast, or any part of the genitals of another person with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.
- (3) “Sexual intercourse” means any penetration of the female sex organ by the male sex organ.
- (4) “Spouse” means a person to whom a person is legally married under Subtitle A, Title 1, Family Code, or a comparable law of another jurisdiction.

Texas Penal Code Sec. 21.11. INDECENCY WITH A CHILD

- (a) A person commits an offense if, with a child younger than 17 years of age, whether the child is of the same or opposite sex and regardless of whether the person knows the age of the child at the time of the offense, the person:
 - (1) engages in sexual contact with the child or causes the child to engage in sexual contact; or
 - (2) with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person: (A) exposes the person’s anus or any part of the person’s genitals, knowing the child is present; or (B) causes the child to expose the child’s anus or any part of the child’s genitals.
- (b) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the actor:
 - (1) was not more than three years older than the victim and of the opposite sex.
 - (2) did not use duress, force, or a threat against the victim at the time of the offense; and
 - (3) at the time of the offense:
 - (A) was not required under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure, to register for life as a sex offender; or



(B) was not a person who under Chapter 62 had a reportable conviction or adjudication for an offense under this section.

(b-1) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the actor was the spouse of the child at the time of the offense.

(c) In this section, “sexual contact” means the following acts, if committed with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person:

(1) any touching by a person, including touching through clothing, of the anus, breast, or any part of the genitals of a child; or

(2) any touching of any part of the body of a child, including touching through clothing, with the anus, breast, or any part of the genitals of a person.

(d) An offense under Subsection (a)(1) is a felony of the second degree and an offense under Subsection (a)(2) is a felony of the third degree.

Texas Penal Code Sec. 25.02. PROHIBITED SEXUAL CONDUCT

(a) A person commits an offense if the person engages in sexual intercourse or deviate sexual intercourse with another person the actor knows to be, without regard to legitimacy:

(1) the actor’s ancestor or descendant by blood or adoption.

(2) the actor’s current or former stepchild or stepparent.

(3) the actor’s parent’s brother or sister of the whole or half-blood.

(4) the actor’s brother or sister of the whole or half blood or by adoption.

(5) the children of the actor’s brother or sister of the whole or half blood or by adoption; or

(6) the son or daughter of the actor’s aunt or uncle of the whole or half blood or by adoption.

(b) For purposes of this section:

(1) “Deviate sexual intercourse” means any contact between the genitals of one person and the mouth or anus of another person with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.





(2) “Sexual intercourse” means any penetration of the female sex organ by the male sex organ.

(c) An offense under this section is a felony of the third degree, unless the offense is committed under Subsection (a) (1), in which event the offense is a felony of the second degree.

Domestic Violence:

The state of Texas defines domestic violence (family violence) as follows:

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.003. FAMILY.

“Family” includes individuals related by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Sections 573.022 and 573.024, Government Code, individuals who are former spouses of each other, individuals who are the parents of the same child, without regard to marriage, and a foster child and foster parent, without regard to whether those individuals reside together.

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.004. FAMILY VIOLENCE.

“Family violence” means:

- (1) an act by a member of a family or household against another member of the family or household that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault or that is a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault, but does not include defensive measures to protect oneself;
- (2) abuse, as that term is defined by Sections 261.001 (1) (C), (E), (G), (H), (I), (J), (K), and (M), by a member of a family or household toward a child of the family or household; or
- (3) dating violence, as that term is defined by Section 71.0021

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.005. HOUSEHOLD.

“Household” means a unit composed of persons living together in the same dwelling, without regard to whether they are related to each other.

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.006. MEMBER OF A HOUSEHOLD.

“Member of a household” includes a person who previously lived in a household.



Dating Violence

The state of Texas defines dating violence, as follows:

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.0021. DATING VIOLENCE.

- (a) "Dating violence" means an act, other than a defensive measure to protect oneself, by an actor that:
- (1) is committed against a victim or applicant for a protective order:
 - (A) with whom the actor has or has had a dating relationship; or
 - (B) because of the victim's or applicant's marriage to or dating relationship with an individual with whom the actor is or has been in a dating relationship or marriage; and
 - (2) is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault or that is a threat that reasonably places the victim in fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault.
- (b) For purposes of this title, "dating relationship" means a relationship between individuals who have or have had a continuing relationship of a romantic or intimate nature. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on consideration of:
- (1) the length of the relationship.
 - (2) the nature of the relationship; and
 - (3) the frequency and type of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- (c) A casual acquaintanceship or ordinary fraternization in a business or social context does not constitute a "dating relationship" under Subsection (b).

Stalking

The state of Texas defines stalking as follows:

Texas Penal Code Sec. 42.072 STALKING.

- (a) A person commits an offense if the person, on more than one occasion and pursuant to the same scheme or course of conduct that is directed specifically at another person, knowingly engages in conduct that:



- (1) constitutes an offense under Section 42.07 of the Texas Penal Code, or that the actor knows or reasonably should know the other person will regard as threatening:
 - (A) bodily injury or death for the other person.
 - (B) bodily injury or death for a member of the other person's family or household or for an individual with whom the other person has a dating relationship; or
 - (C) that an offense will be committed against the other person's property.
- (2) causes the other person, a member of the other person's family or household, or an individual with whom the other person has a dating relationship to be placed in fear of bodily injury or death or in fear that an offense will be committed against the other person's property, or to feel harassed, annoyed, alarmed, abused, tormented, embarrassed or offended; and
- (3) would cause a reasonable person to:
 - (A) fear bodily injury or death for himself or herself;
 - (B) fear bodily injury or death for a member of the person's family or household or for an individual with whom the person has a dating relationship;
 - (C) fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or
 - (D) feel harassed, annoyed, alarmed, abused, tormented, embarrassed, or offended.
- (b) An offense under this section is a felony of the third degree, except that the offense is a felony of the second degree if the actor has previously been convicted of an offense under this section or of an offense under any of the following laws that contains elements that are substantially similar to the elements of an offense under this section:
 - (1) the laws of another state.
 - (2) the laws of a federally recognized Indian tribe.
 - (3) the laws of a territory of the United States; or
 - (4) federal law.
- (c) For purposes of this section, a tier of fact may find that different types of conduct described by Subsection (a), if engaged in on more than one occasion, constitute conduct that is engaged in pursuant to the same scheme or course of conduct.



- (d) In this section: (1) “Dating relationship,” “family,” “household,” and “member of a household” have the meanings assigned by Chapter 71, Family Code. (2) “Property” includes a pet, companion, animal, or assistance animal, as defined by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code.

Consent

The state of Texas does not have a definition of consent, in relation to sexual activity. However, sexual assault is considered without consent of the other person if the conditions in Sec. 22.011, (b) of the Texas Penal Code Sexual Assault statute are evident. To consent means to outwardly express agreement for sexual contact or activity. Consent can be a verbal “yes.” It can also be demonstrated non-verbally by an individual with actions that clearly tell the other person that the individual is willingly and freely engaging in sexual contact or activity. Consent cannot be inferred through silence or lack of resistance. Consent to one activity does not constitute consent to other sexual acts. Past sexual activity does not constitute consent for future acts. If at any time consent is uncertain, the initiating party should stop and obtain verbal consent. Consent can be withdrawn at any time.

As the State of Texas does not give a specific definition of consent, the Dallas College definition of consent is used as the measure for the college’s investigation and/or resolution process.

Notice of Support Resources and Services

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, sexual harassment or stalking, the Dallas College Title IX Team will provide written notification to students and employees about possible resources. These resources include assistance with, and/or information about, obtaining services including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement.

Title IX and Sexual Misconduct Policy

In accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Section 51.282 of the Texas Education Code, Dallas College prohibits sexual misconduct in all its programs and activities, including in its dual credit, early college high school, and charter high school programs. Sexual misconduct is defined as any act of sex/gender-based discrimination or harassment, sexual harassment, sexual violence, sexual exploitation, relationship violence,





sex/gender-based stalking, and any other conduct that threatens the health and safety of any person on the basis of actual, expressed, or perceived gender identity.

The college's sexual misconduct policy applies to any instance in which a student or employee is alleged to have engaged in sexual misconduct against any person or believes he or she has been subjected to sexual misconduct, regardless of sex, gender, sexual orientation, or gender identity. The college will respond to any complaint of sexual misconduct, including conduct alleged to have occurred during breaks, leaves of absence or periods of dismissal, whether on or off college property or premises.

A person who is found to have violated Dallas College's sexual misconduct policy shall be subject to all applicable college disciplinary sanctions as outlined in the College's Board Policy Manual. Violations of the sexual misconduct policy that are also violations of law may also be subject to sanctions by civil and criminal authorities. College disciplinary action with respect to any act of sexual misconduct on the part of a student or employee may proceed during the pendency of civil and/or criminal proceedings and shall not be subject to challenge on the ground that civil and/or criminal charges involving the same incident have been filed, dismissed, or reduced. For more information on the college's sexual misconduct policy, including reporting procedures, please see the [College Board Policy Manual](#).

Title IX prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity) in education programs or activities operated by recipients of federal financial assistance. Sexual harassment of students, which includes acts of sexual violence, is a form of sex discrimination prohibited by Title IX. Title IX requires Dallas College to take immediate action to eliminate harassment, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects. The lead Title IX coordinator is responsible for administrative investigation of claims of sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking and to ensure there are appropriate grievance procedures for prompt and equitable resolution of student and employee sex discrimination complaints. A Title IX investigation is an administrative process and is different from a law enforcement investigation, and a law enforcement investigation does not relieve Dallas College of its independent Title IX obligation to investigate conduct.

When cases involving sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking are reported and a formal conduct process is initiated, the college will provide a prompt, fair, and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final resolution. Reports will be investigated (if applicable) and managed by professional staff or college conduct committee members who have been trained annually on issues related to sexual harassment





domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, trauma-informed techniques and state and federal regulations, and how to conduct a fair and impartial investigation and resolution process that protects the safety, rights, and access to education and activities for all involved parties.

Usually, the resolution of sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking complaints are completed within 90 days of the complaint. However, each proceeding allows for extensions of timeframes for good cause with written notice to the involved parties of the delay and the reason for the delay. In all instances, the process will be conducted in a manner that is transparent and consistent with Dallas College policy. Each party has the right to be accompanied by an advisor of their choice, who may or may not be an attorney, during any grievance proceeding, including in any related meeting, interview, or proceeding. In the event of a formal Title IX hearing, the parties are required to have an advisor for the purpose of conducting cross-examination questioning. If either party does not have access to an advisor, the college will provide a trained advisor from the college's advisor pool. To view a copy of the college's "Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation (Sex and Sexual Violence)" policies, visit the [Dallas College Board Policy Manual online](#).

Procedures for Reporting Sexual Assault, Sexual Harassment, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Dallas College has procedures in place for students and employees who have allegedly experienced an act(s) of sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges; the availability of counseling, health, mental health, advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, and other services on and/or off campus; and other measures designed to protect an individual's access to education, employment, and activities. Examples are academic support, protective orders, and class or work schedule changes, if reasonably available. Temporary supportive measures may include, but are not limited to, No Contact Orders, police escorts, emergency removals (requires a hearing and appeal process), excused absences, working or attending class remotely, change in work location, extensions of deadlines, and withdrawing from a class without penalty. Any accommodations or protective measures provided to any person in connection to an allegation of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking will be held confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality will not impair the ability of Dallas College to provide the accommodation or protective measure.





Dallas College will make such accommodations, if requested and reasonably available, regardless of if the complainant does not wish to pursue formal or information resolution through Title IX, or does not wish to make a criminal report. Per Texas Education Code Section 51.282, all Dallas College employees (with the exception of those employees designed confidential), including Dallas College police officers, must report to the Title IX Team any information they receive regarding a Dallas College student or employee who has allegedly experienced or perpetrated an act of sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, or dating violence.

Report Online, by Phone or by Email

1. Title IX Reporting Hotline: 972-860-3980 (Voicemail available 24/7)
2. Email Title IX Team at TitleIX@DallasCollege.edu (available 24/7)
3. Report online at www.DallasCollege.edu/TitleIXReport (available 24/7)

Title IX Team

LaShawn Grant

Institutional Equity and Compliance Officer and Lead Title IX Coordinator
LDGrant@DallasCollege.edu
214-860-5932

Michael Hunt

Senior Title IX and Equity Compliance Officer
MAHunt@DallasCollege.edu
972-238-6357

Latrenda Thomas

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Mountain View, Cedar Valley
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972-273-3361

Anthony Boyd

Title IX Coordinator
Brookhaven, North Lake
ABoyd@DallasCollege.edu
972-860-2919





Sanctions for Student Violations of the Dallas College Sexual Misconduct Protocol

Once a report is received, Title IX will contact the complainant and offer supportive measures (including safety, educational, and health/mental health support) and explain resolution options (including formal investigation, informal resolution, no resolution, or no resolution at this time). Title IX will also inform a complainant about evidence preservation and of their rights to file criminal or civil charges and assist a complainant with law enforcement contact information, if requested.

A **formal investigation** would include Title IX writing and sending out a Notice of Investigation and Allegations and a No Contact Order to both parties; meeting with the involved parties; meeting with any witnesses; gathering evidence; and eventually, writing a report which summarizes all of that information for a hearing, presided over by a hearing officer (a Dallas College faculty or staff member) trained for that role. The hearing officer determines if the evidence shows that a violation of College policy occurred, on the preponderance of the evidence ("more likely than not") basis. A formal investigation is not a criminal matter and any disciplinary action/outcomes taken (if a violation was found to have occurred) would revolve around administrative actions (warning, reprimand, probation, suspension, expulsion or employment termination).

An **informal resolution process** may be used if appropriate to the allegations, and only when both parties and the Title IX Coordinator agree to use that process. There are certain scenarios, including a quid pro quo allegation involving an employee respondent, in which the use of informal resolution is not permitted. The informal resolution process would include Title IX writing and sending out a Notice of Investigation and Allegations and No Contact Order to both parties and then meeting with the involved parties to discuss the allegations, the impact of the allegations, and which educational or disciplinary options might be appropriate. It does not involve meeting with witnesses, gathering evidence, or writing an investigation report and the parties will meet with the resolution mediator individually – never jointly. Either party or the Title IX Coordinator may withdraw from the informal resolution process at any time, for any reason, prior to a final agreement being signed.

Retaliation against any party participating in a formal or informal resolution process (respondent, complainant, reporter, witness, investigator, Title IX Team member, hearing or appeal officer) is prohibited by Dallas College, will not be tolerated, and will result in additional policy violation charges.





Preservation of evidence is important and may be collected even if a complainant chooses not to make a report to law enforcement or Title IX. It is important that an alleged victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen area where they were assaulted, if the offense occurred within the past 120 hours, so that evidence may be preserved which may assist in proving the alleged

criminal offense has occurred. This may be helpful in obtaining a protection order or for a criminal prosecution, if the victim chooses to file an offense report or for a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and/or sexually transmitted disease.

Victims of sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs, or other copies of documents, which would be useful to the police or a Title IX investigators.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate or become lost or unavailable, thereby making investigation, prosecution, disciplinary proceedings, or obtaining protection orders related to the incident more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, they nevertheless should consider speaking with the Dallas College Police or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event the individual changes their mind at a later date.

In instances where a sexual assault has occurred, the victim is strongly encouraged to report the incident. Students and employees are hereby advised that they have the option of pursuing their allegations through either or both the Dallas College administrative policies and the criminal justice system.

Title IX and Sexual Misconduct Resolution Processes

The Sexual Misconduct policy at Dallas College applies to any instance in which a Dallas College-affiliated individual is alleged to have experienced or engaged in sexual misconduct. Whether you are a student, faculty member, staff member or visitor, you have the right to file a Formal Complaint and initiate the resolution process.

A Formal Complaint may be signed by either the complainant or Title IX Coordinator after the initial report is made and should be submitted to the Title IX Team Member who initiated the



process with the complainant. Reports of sexual misconduct committed by a Title IX Team Member should be reported to the Office of General Counsel.

Title IX Formal Resolution Process

Formal Complaint

1. Complainant signs and files a formal complaint requesting an investigation. The Title IX Coordinator then begins the resolution process: or
2. Title IX Coordinator signs and files a formal complaint for an investigation. This may happen when there is a reluctant complainant, and the institution has a compelling reason to investigate further, or the complainant is unable to sign.

Written Notice

1. Written notice will be given to both parties [people] at the same time.
2. Information about the resolution process will be given to both parties.
3. The respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct. A determination of [decision about] responsibility will not be made until the end of the resolution process.

Evidence Gathering

1. Both parties [people] may respond in writing and through interviews to give statements of alleged conduct.
2. Both parties may have an advisor of their choice present during interviews.
3. Both parties may present information or evidence and provide names of witnesses relevant to the investigation. Both parties may also submit questions they would like asked of witnesses or parties to the investigator(s); and
4. The investigator(s) will interview relevant and available witnesses.

Investigation Report

1. The investigator(s) will share a copy of all evidence they receive in a draft of the investigation report. It will be sent to both parties (and each party's advisor) at the same time to inspect and respond; and



2. The completed investigation report and access to evidence will be given to both parties (and each party's advisor) at the same time, before the hearing.

Live Hearing

1. The hearing officer can ask questions of investigators, parties, and witnesses. Each party's advisor will conduct cross examination (relevant questions only) of the investigators, other party, and witnesses. If a party does not have an advisor, the College will provide an advisor from the advisor pool of trained Dallas College faculty or staff members.

Determination

1. The hearing officer is responsible for providing a written determination of [decision about] responsibility and sanctions (if applicable) based upon a preponderance of the evidence ("more likely than not") standard; and
2. The hearing officer will provide a copy of the written determination to both parties at the same time.

Appeal

1. Either party [person] may appeal (a) the hearing officer's determination of [decision about] responsibility, or (b) the college's dismissal of a formal complaint (see below).
2. Both parties will be notified at the same time, in writing, when an appeal has been filed, and the appeal procedures will apply equally for both parties. The nonappealing party will have an opportunity to submit a written response in support or opposition to the outcomes; and
3. The Institutional Equity and Compliance Officer will provide an independent, written determination to both parties at the same time. This determination is final.

Formal Complaint Dismissals

The college may dismiss the formal complaint at any time before a determination of [decision about] responsibility. Dismissals may happen because of requirements under Title IX, non-applicability to the policy or insufficient evidence to decide, or if a complainant withdraws the formal complaint. Both parties [people] will receive notice if the complaint is dismissed.





Informal Resolution Process

An alternative to the formal resolution process (outlined above); both parties may opt voluntarily for an informal resolution (if available). Both parties must voluntarily agree to the terms of the informal resolution. Failure to do so will result in continuing the formal grievance process. Informal resolutions are not permitted in cases involving a student complainant and an employee respondent or if the Title IX Coordinator feels the allegations are not appropriate for the informal process.

Emergency Removals and Employee Administrative Leave

A student respondent may be removed from the college's education program or activity (e.g., interim suspension) on an emergency basis, due to an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of a person(s) arising from the allegations. A hearing and appeal process is required. An employee respondent may be placed on administrative leave during the resolution process.

Victim's Bill of Rights

Victims of sexual assault will have the right to the following:

- Reasonable changes to the academic schedule
- Referrals to counseling, assistance in notifying law enforcement
- Opportunity to have others present at disciplinary hearing
- Unconditional written notification of outcomes of hearing, sanctions, and terms of sanctions in place
- Opportunities and assistance to speak (or choose not to speak) to anyone regarding the outcome
- Name and identifying information kept confidential (FERPA).

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) is a landmark piece of legislation that sought to improve criminal justice and community-based responses to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking in the United States. The passage of VAWA in 1994 and its reauthorization in 2000, 2005, 2013 and 2022, has changed the landscape for victims who once suffered in silence. Victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking have been able to access services, and a new generation of families and justice system





professionals has come to understand that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking are crimes that our society will not tolerate.

Under VAWA, colleges are required to:

1. Report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, beyond crime categories the Clery Act already mandates.
2. Adopt certain student discipline procedures, such as for notifying victims of their rights; and
3. Adopt certain institutional policies to address and prevent campus sexual violence, such as to train in particular respects pertinent institutional personnel.

Protective Orders and No Contact Orders

Protective Orders

Dallas College complies with Texas law in recognizing Protective Orders through the Crime Victims' Compensation Act. A Protective Order is a civil court order, a violation of which can be a crime, which is issued to protect a person from continuing acts of family violence or stalking. It will direct the abuser to stay a certain distance (usually 200-500 feet) away from the protected person's home, school, or place of employment, prohibit the abuser from committing conduct that would harass or alarm the protected person, and prohibit the abuser from committing further acts of violence or stalking against the protected person.

Where Do You Go for a Protective Order

For more information, contact the Dallas County District Attorney's Office Family Violence Division at the Frank Crowley Courthouse 133 N Riverfront Blvd 10th Floor 214-653-3528.

Emergency Protective Orders

1. The abuser must be in jail at the time of the request for protection.
2. The victim, a police officer, a magistrate, or the District Attorney's Office can request an Emergency Protective Order.
3. An Emergency Protective Order is Police enforceable immediately after the magistrate signs the order and gives the abuser a copy.
4. It contains the same provisions as the two-year Protective Order.



5. An Emergency Protective Order can be in effect for up to 91 days.
6. Ask your Advocate for assistance if your abuser is in jail when you come to our office.

No Contact Order

If Dallas College receives a report that such an institutional No Contact Order has been violated, it will initiate disciplinary proceedings appropriate to the status of the respondent (student, employee, etc.) and will impose appropriate sanctions if the respondent is found responsible for violating the No Contact Order.

Hate Crime Reporting

A Hate Crime is any criminal act involving one/more of the crimes of theft, simple assault, intimidation or vandalism, or any other crime involving bodily injury which: was motivated by bias against any person or group of persons, or the property of any person or group of persons because of the ethnicity, race, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation, or disability of the person or group, or bias based upon the perception that the person or group has one or more of those characteristics.

Categories of Bias Definitions:

Race: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Christianity, Judaism, Islam, atheism).

Sexual Orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation (e.g., gay, lesbian, heterosexual).

Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude towards a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender (e.g., male, female, transgender, gender nonbinary).





Gender Identity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or a group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, (e.g., bias against transgender or gender nonconforming individuals).

Ethnicity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry (e.g., Middle Eastern, Hispanic, indigenous peoples).

National Origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or a group of persons based on their actual or perceived country of birth.

Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital, or acquired by heredity, accident, injury and advanced age or illness.

Student Code of Conduct

Dallas College exists to serve students and our community stakeholders. Students are important members of the College environment. Each Dallas College campus supports a positive educational environment designed to encourage academic achievement. To ensure the protection of student rights and the health and safety of the college community, as well as to support the efficient operation of college programs and services, the College has established a Student Code of Conduct.

The purpose of policies about student conduct and discipline is to provide guidelines for the educational environment of the College. The College views students in a holistic manner, encouraging and inviting them to learn and grow independently. Such an environment presupposes both rights and responsibilities. Every student should know his or her responsibility as a member of Dallas College. As a member of Dallas College, a student is free to take advantage of all the educational opportunities available and to participate in all extracurricular activities sponsored by the College for which the student is eligible.

Members of the student body enjoy the same rights and privileges guaranteed to them as citizens of the United States and as residents of the state of Texas. They enjoy the same freedoms of speech and peaceable assembly as all citizens. However, by virtue of their membership in the college community, students are under certain legal obligations in the exercise of those freedoms. Each student and student organization shall be charged with notice



and knowledge of the contents and provisions of the Dallas College policies, procedures, and regulations concerning student conduct, and shall be expected to abide by those policies, procedures, and regulations. In cases of noncompliance with the Student Code of Conduct, the College may impose discipline that is consistent with the impact of the offense on the Dallas College community.

Dallas College reserves the right to pursue criminal and/or civil action where warranted. Unfamiliarity with these policies and procedures shall not excuse a violation of the Student Code of Conduct. All students shall obey the law, show respect for properly constituted authority, and observe correct standards of conduct.

Student Code of Conduct Violations

Members of Dallas College may report an alleged violation of the Student Code of Conduct through the Dallas College Student Code of Conduct Referral Form. All submitted forms are reviewed by the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities and evaluated if action should need to be taken.

A report may be filed anonymously; however, please consider providing your information for effective follow-up. Reporting an incident without disclosing your name or contact information may impact the ability of Dallas College to research, take action and offer supportive measures, such as academic accommodations, No Contact Orders, change of class or work schedule, campus escorts or other similar measures tailored to the individualized needs of the parties involved.

We recommend using objective, unemotional language by providing facts in your report, rather than sharing your personal feelings. The reporting system is confidential. If you have questions about submitting a referral, please contact the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities.

General Complaints and Grievances

Dallas College is committed to understanding and assisting the needs of all students, staff, faculty, and visitors. Sometimes these concerns do not fit neatly in one of the other categories on this webpage. To help answer general questions or address concerns and grievances, we ask students to submit this information using the Student Complaint Form. Based on the information you provide; the appropriate staff member will contact you.



On and Off Campus Services and Resources for Victims:

BROOKHAVEN CAMPUS

Brookhaven Police Department Bldg. B Room200 3939 Valley View Ln, Farmers Branch, TX 75244	972-860-4190
Brookhaven Central Dispatch	972-860-4290
Emergencies, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Brookhaven Campus Counseling Center	972-860-4339
Brookhaven Campus Health Center	972-860-4195
Farmers Branch Police Department 3723 Valley View Ln, 75244	972-484-3620
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001

NORTH LAKE CAMPUS

North Lake Police Department Bldg. C Room 204 5001 N MacArthur Blvd, Irving, TX 75038	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Criminal Investigations	972-273-3302



Crime Prevention	972-273-3304
NLC Police Fax	972-273-3299
NLCPD West Campus	972-860-7878
NLCPD, South Campus	214-891-1311
NLCPD, North Campus	972-860-4411
North Lake Campus Student Services Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART)	214-979-1111
Information/Campus Office	972-273-3000
D/FW Airporter	214-334-0092
Health Center	972-273-3170
Student Life	972-273-3020
Disability Services	972-273-3165
Counseling Services	972-273-3333
Irving Police Department 305 N. O'Connor Rd Irving, TX 75061	972-273-1010
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001
Dallas Airport Police	972-973-3210
Coppell Police Department	972-304-3610

EASTFIELD CAMPUS





Eastfield Police Department Bldg. N Room N112 3737 Motley Drive, Mesquite, TX 75150	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Criminal Investigations:	972-860-7696
Police Department Fax:	972-860-7181
Pleasant Grove Campus Police:	972-860-4290
Health Center:	972-860-7190
OSER:	972-860-7335
Disability Services:	972-860-8348
Counseling Services:	972-860-7371
Title IX Coordinator:	972-860-7358
Mental Health ABC Behavioral Health:	214-275-8500
District Service Center 4343 IH-30 Dallas, TX 75150	972-860-4290
District Office 1601 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	972-860-4290
Mesquite Police Department 777 N. Galloway Avenue Mesquite, TX 75149	972-285-6336
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001





EL CENTRO CAMPUS

El Centro Police Department 801 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75202	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Counseling Center	214-860-2073
Health Center	214-860-2113
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001
Dallas County District Attorney's Office, 10th Floor	214-653-3528

CEDAR VALLEY CAMPUS

Cedar Valley Police Department 3030 N Dallas Avenue, Lancaster, TX 75134	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Campus Health Services	972-860-8277
Counseling Services	972-860-8119
Lancaster Police Department 1650 N. Dallas Avenue Lancaster, TX 75134	972-218-2700
DeSoto Police Department 714 E Beltline Rd DeSoto, TX 75115	469-658-3000





Hutchins Police Department 205 W. Hickman St, Hutchins, TX 75141	972-225-2224
Wilmer Police Department 219 E. Beltline Rd, Wilmer, TX 75112	972-441-3574
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001

MOUNTAIN VIEW CAMPUS

Mountain View Police Department Bldg. W 4849 W Illinois Avenue, Dallas, TX 75211	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
Student Services and Enrollment Management	214-860-3695
Counseling Center	214-860-3640
Mountain View College Health Center	214-860-8703
Title IX Coordinator	214-860-8561
Athletic Director	214-860-8791
Parkland VIP Rape Crisis Center, 214-590-2926 / 24-hr. Hotline	214-590-0430
Dallas County District Attorney's Office, 10th Floor	214-653-3528
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001





RICHLAND CAMPUS

Richland Police Department Bldg. P room160 12800 Abrams Rd. Dallas, Texas 75243	972-860-4290
Police Emergency, Fire, EMS Services	Dial 911
RLC Lakeside Resource Center (Counseling services, CARE Team) 12800 Abrams Rd. Dallas, Texas 75243	972-238-3771
RLC Office of Title IX, El Paso Hall E040	972-761-6852
Seay Center for Adolescents in Plano	972-981-8300
Suicide & Crisis Center	214-828-1000
Telecare Mobile Crisis Hotline	866-260-8000
Dallas County Welfare	214-819-1800
Dallas Area Rapid Transit (DART)	214-979-1111
Greyhound Bus	800-231-2222
Dallas Life Foundation	214-421-1380
Dept. of Assistive and Rehabilitative Services (DARS)	800-634-2616
Dept. of Health & Human Services	214-819-2000
Lake Pointe Church, Rockwall, Benevolence Ministry	469-698-2200
Mesquite Social Services	972-285-3000





North Texas Food Bank	214-330-1396
Promise House (Teen Advocacy)	214-941-8578
Salvation Army	214-424-7100
Sharing Life Community Outreach	972-285-5819
Social Security Administration	800-772-1213
The Stewpot	214-746-2785
Texas Workforce Commission	214-290-1031
Visiting Nurses Association	214-689-0000
YWCA Women's Resource Center	214-584-2301
Garland Behavioral Hospital	972-487-5309
Richland Garland Campus 675 W. Walnut St. Garland, TX 75040	214-360-1200
Garland Police Department 1891 Forest Ln Garland TX, 75042	972-485-4840
Dallas County Sheriff's Department 133 N. Riverfront Blvd Dallas, TX 75207	214-653-3450
Dallas Police Department 1400 Botham Jean Blvd. Dallas, TX 75215	214-671-3001

All Dallas College campuses:

Family Violence Shelters and 24 hr. Crisis Hotlines:	Contact numbers
The Family Place www.familyplace.org	214-941-1991





Genesis Women's Shelter (Dallas) www.genesisshelter.org	214-942-2998
New Beginning Center (Garland) www.newbeginningcenter.org	972-276-0057
Brighter Tomorrows (Irving) www.brightertomorrows.org	972-262-8383
Hope's Door (Plano) www.hopesdoorinc.org	972-821-5393
Salvation Army www.salvationarmydfw.org	214-424-7208
Mosaic (refugees/immigrants) www.mosaicervices.org	214-823-4434
Family Gateway	214-823-4487
Peaceful Oasis	972-880-4192
Housing:	
Dallas Housing Authority	214-951-8300
Denton Housing Authority	940-383-1504
Housing Crisis Center	214-828-4244
Plano Housing Authority	972-423-4928
Counseling Services:	
The Family Place	214-443-7704
The Family Place BIPP	214-692-8295
Genesis	214-559-2050





New Beginning Center (BIPP)	972-276-0423
Brighter Tomorrows	972-263-0506
Hope's Door (BIPP)	972-422-2911
Mosaic (refugees/immigrants)	214-821-5393
Galaxy Counseling Center www.galaxycounseling.org	972-272-4429
Jewish Family Services www.jfsdallas.org	972-437-9950
Victims Outreach	214-358-5173
Salesmanship Club Youth and Family Therapy Center (children & adults)	214-915-4700
Youth and Family Counseling (Flower Mound/Denton Co.)	972-724-2005
Irving Family Advocacy Center	972-721-6555
Dallas County Children's Advocacy Center (Alliance for Children) www.dcac.org	214-818-2600
Denton County Children's Advocacy Center	972-317-2818
Denton County Friends of the Family	940-382-7273
Child and Family Guidance Center – main number	214-351-3490
Collin County Children's Advocacy Center	972-633-6600
Dallas County Victim Coordinator at Juvenile (Lone Star) - West Henry Wade Justice Center	214-698-2287
Non-Profit Support - MADD-Mothers Against Drunk Driving www.madd.org	214-637-0372





Trauma Support Services of North Texas, INC. www.tssnt.org	972-703-4904
To Report Abuse:	
Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (CPS) & (APS) http://www.txabusehotline.org	800-252-5400
Texas Crime Victims Compensation P.O. Box 12198 Austin, Texas 78711-2198	800-983-9933
Dallas Police Department – Family Violence Unit www.dallaspolice.net	214-671-4304
Irving Family Advocacy Center www.irvingpd.com/fac.htm	972-721-6555
Resources for Victims of Sexual Assault:	
Victim's Outreach	214-358-5173
Parkland V.I.P Hotline	214-590-0430
Parkland V.I.P Center www.parklandhospital.com	214-590-2926
National Sexual Assault Hotline	800-656-HOPE (4673)
Crisis Numbers:	
Suicide and Crisis Center	214-828-1000
Contact Crisis Hotline	972-233-2233





Dallas Area Rape Crisis Center	972-641-7273
Turning Point Rape Crisis Center of Collin County	800-886-7273
Dallas County Rape Crisis Center	214-590-0403
Dallas County Victim Services 133 N. Riverfront Boulevard, LB 19, Dallas TX 75207	214-653-3600
National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-SAFE (7233)
Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network (RAINN),	800-656-4673
National Center for Victims of Crime www.ncvc.org	800-FYI-CALL
National Organization for Victim Assistance	800-TRY-NOVA
National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information,	800-729-6686
Texas Poison Control Network,	800-222-1222
Alcoholics Anonymous or Al-Anon, Dallas Area Office, www.alcoholics-anonymous.org	214-887-6699
Al-Anon Information www.al-anon.org	214-363-0461
Crime Victims Compensation www.texasattorneygeneral.gov	800-983-9933
Legal:	
Catholic Charities (Dallas)	214-520-6590
Catholic Charities (Immigration & Legal Services)	214-634-7182





Catholic Charities (Maternity)	214-526-2774
Catholic Charities (Refugee & Empowerment Services)	214-553-9909
City Square Law Center (Civil Family Probate)	214 827-1000
Collin County Protective Orders/D. A	972-548-4323
Dallas Bar Association (Attorney Referral)	214-220-7444
Dallas Bar Association Legal Line	214-220-7476
Dallas County Victim Coordinator - Frank Crowley Criminal Courts Frank Crowley Criminal Courts	214-653-3838
Dallas County Protective Orders/D. A	214-653-3528
Denton County Protective Orders/D. A	940-349-2600
Family Violence Legal Line	800-374-4673
Legal Aid of Northwest Texas (Dallas Co.)	214-748-1234
Legal Aid of Northwest Texas (Denton Co.)	940-383-1406
Mosaic Family Services (Dallas, legal services including immigration)	214-821-5393
Supervised Visitation & Exchange Programs:	
FLP Family Center	214-956-0100
Hannah's House www.hannahshouse.org	972-258-7844





Active Bystander

Bystanders play a critical role in the prevention of sexual and relationship violence. They are “individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it.” We want to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence without causing further harm. We may not always know what to do even if we want to help. Further information regarding bystander intervention may be found. If you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 911. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another and it is not safe for you to interrupt.

Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are ok. Confront people who seclude, hit on, and try to make out or have sex with people who are incapacitated. Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person. Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking. Refer people to on or off campus resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling or with legal assistance.

Alcohol and Drug Policy

A student shall be prohibited from using or being under the influence of intoxicating beverages in classroom buildings, laboratories, auditoriums, library buildings, museums, faculty and administrative offices, intercollegiate and intramural athletic facilities, and all other public campus areas. With the prior consent of the Board or the Board’s designee, the provisions herein may be waived with respect to any specific event that is sponsored by Dallas College. State law shall always be strictly enforced on all property controlled by Dallas College regarding the possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

No student shall possess, use, transmit, or attempt to possess, use, or transmit, or be under the influence of any of the following substances on college premises or off premises at a college or college-sponsored activity, function or event:

1. Any controlled substance or dangerous drug as defined by law, including but not limited to marijuana, any narcotic drug, hallucinogen, stimulant, depressant, amphetamine or barbiturate.
2. Any abusable glue, aerosol paint or any other volatile chemical substance for inhalation.





3. Any performance-enhancing substance, including steroids.
4. Any designer drugs.
5. Any other intoxicant or mood-changing, mind-altering or behavior-altering drug.

The transmittal, sale, or attempted sale of what is represented to be any of the above-listed substances shall also be prohibited under this policy. State and federal law will be strictly enforced with regard to drugs and controlled substances.

Alcohol-drug education programs are offered on each campus. Students may check bulletin boards, newspaper announcements or email for availability. These programs or events are available to all students and employees at each campus.

All campuses of Dallas College provide free counseling services to enrolled students.

1. **When:** On most campuses, counseling faculty or other professional counselors are available by appointment or on a walk-in basis from 8:30 a.m. to 7 p.m.
2. **Where:** Some counselors' offices are in instructional divisions; others can be found in Counseling Centers.

For more information, [contact Counseling and Psychological Services on your campus.](#)

As part of our commitment to our students and the community, students may use [My Community Services](#), an online directory to help find the resources they need.

In compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, the following information is provided annually to students and employees online:

- [Students Right to Know](#)
- [Notice of Federal Student Financial Aid Penalties for Drug Law Violations](#)
- [Drug Free Schools and Communities Act](#)
- [Alcohol Addiction Center BAC Calculator](#)

Crime Prevention and Security Awareness Programs

One of the essential ingredients of any successful crime prevention program is an informed public. It is the intent of the Dallas College Police Department to inform students of good crime prevention and security awareness practices. Programs are available to members of the college



community on the topics of crime prevention and drug and alcohol abuse. Information on Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education may also be obtained through the National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information at 1-800-729-6686.

Dallas College Police Department plays a vital role in the students' learning at all Dallas College campuses utilizing the community policing philosophy. The focus of community-oriented policing is not simply on responding to crime, but on preventing crime and resolving community problems. The philosophy grows from the belief that the police and the community must work together as partners to solve the contemporary challenges faced in today's society.

Officers work closely with other organizations and community groups to educate community members about potential hazards they may encounter and how to reduce the likelihood of becoming a victim of crime, to identify the problems, concerns and fear of community members, to identify and eliminate hazards that may promote crime or disorder, and to improve the overall quality of life in the community.

Dallas College Police Department has developed an annual educational campaign consisting of presentations that include distribution of educational materials to new students; participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation; and presenting programs throughout the year on at least a quarterly basis.

CRIME PREVENTION AND SAFETY AWARENESS PROGRAMS FOR 2022 AT DALLAS COLLEGE CAMPUSES:

Dallas College Police Department		
NAME OF PROGRAM	DATE HELD	LOCATION HELD
New Employee Orientation	Annually/monthly	All DC campuses
New Student Orientation	Annually	All DC campuses
ECHS New Student Orientation	January/August	RLC, BHC
ECHS Parents Orientation	January/August	RLC, BHC





ECHS Safety prevention presentation	August	NLC
Safety Talk to Richland Collegiate High School	September	RLC
Safety and crime prevention	September	NLC
Winter Welcome Table	January	RLC, BHC
Campus Carry	August	MVC, BHC
Campus Safety	November	MVC, BHC
Campus Emergency Phone PA System	January, March	RLC, MVC
Classroom Lockdown Training	Monthly	RLC
Red Ribbon Week (Drug Awareness)	October	RLC, MVC
Coffee with a Cop/Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault	September, October, January, March, April	RLC, NLC, BHC
	February, September	RLC
	October, February	RLC
Safety Talk with a Cop	November	NLC, RLC
	March	RLC, NLC
Active Shooter Presentation/event	April	RLC
Gun Violence Discussion Panel	April	RLC
Townhall meeting (Gun Violence)	October	MVC
Life Safety Discussion Panel		MVC
Autism Awareness		MVC
Anti-Bullying Month		
Dangers of Drug Abuse	Annually	ECC
Il Pledge Program	Annually	ECC





CPR/AED	Monthly	RLC
First Aid Workshop	November	NLC
Safety Zone Training	March	RLC
TRIO Safety Training	January	NLC
International Day	March	BHC
Dunk a Cop (drug/alcohol awareness)	Once a year	RLC
DEA Drug Take-Back	Fall	RLC
Driving simulator – Do not drink and drive	October	BHC
Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED) with Facilities	Weekly	RLC
Police Relations Community Building	July, March, August, September	RLC
Faculty Active Shooter Training	September	NLC
Conversations with a Cop	September	MVC
Mesquite High School Mini Police Academy	Annually	EFC
See Something, Say Something	Annually	NLC
Bystander Intervention Awareness	September	ECC
National Drug Take Back Program	September	BHC
Multicultural Conversations	Annually	RLC
Healthy Relationships	March	ECC
Health Fair	April	RLC
Emergency Preparedness Training (Multiple Topics for Staff and ERT)	Monthly	RLC





Season-to-be-Sober/Driving Simulator Arrive	Annually, October	ECC
Recognizing and Responding to Distressed Individuals	Monthly	RLC
Hide-Lock-Take Program	Annually	ECC
Fire and Safety	Annually	ECC
High School Crime Prevention and Education	August	RLC
Stop the Bleed	March, August	RLC, NLC
Drug and Alcohol Abuse	October	MVC, EFC, CVC, NLC
Alcohol Abuse Education	March	BHC, RLC
Alcohol Abuse Awareness	September, October	ECC
Auto Theft Prevention	October	MVC
Conversations with a Cop Stalking/Harassment	October	
Safety and Emergency Preparedness	Monthly	RLC, MVC, NLC, ECC,
College Health Fair- Drug/Alcohol Awareness and Drunk goggles	Annually	EFC, CVC, RLC, MVC
National Drug Takeback	April, October	All DC campuses
Campus Safety Training	April	NLC
Toys for Tots	Fall	RLC, NLC
National Collegiate Alcohol Awareness Week	October	BHC
Nation Drug Awareness	October	BHC
National Night Out	October	All DC campuses





Conversations with a Cop Staying Safe	January, February, May, June September, November	MVC, NLC
C.R.A.S.E	Fall	MVC
Turkey Dinner for Workforce Students	Irregular schedules	RLC/Garland
Brown Bag Discussions	March, September	RLC, NLC
Richland High school Duck Camp	Annually	RLC
F5M Emergency Response Training	Monthly	RLC
Campus Safety Fair	Annually	RLC
Police Relations Community Building (Social Media Awareness)	December	ECC
CERT Active Shooter Training	October	NLC
Walk for Freedom	October	NLC

*MVC-Mountain View, BHC-Brookhaven, ECC-El Centro, RLC-Richland, EFC-Eastfield, CVC-Cedar Valley, NLC-North Lake

(Dallas College and Police Department offered the above primary prevention and awareness programs for incoming students and employees in 2022)

Programs to Prevent Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Dallas College Police Department and Title IX have developed an annual educational campaign consisting of presentations that include distribution of educational materials to new students; participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation; presenting programs throughout the year on at least a quarterly basis, including sessions such as:





SEXUAL OFFENSES AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AWARENESS PROGRAMS FOR 2022 AT ALL CAMPUSES:

Dallas College Police Department		
NAME OF PROGRAM	DATE HELD	LOCATION HELD
Title IX for Incoming Students	Fall/Spring	Online
Title IX for Employees	Annual	Online
Men of Action: What Men Can Do to Reduce Sexual Violence	April	Online
Intimate Partner Violence and Digital Abuse	April	Online
Domestic and Sexual Violence 101: Impacting the Immigrant Community	April	Online
Sexual Violence Panel Conversation	April	Online
Title IX Basics (New Student Orientation)	August	Video
Title IX and ADA/504 (Nursing Success Camp)	August	MVC
50 th Anniversary of Title IX Celebration	August	MVC/Online
Title IX Training (Athletics)	August	MVC
Title IX Training (Male Achievement Program)	August	ECC
Title IX Resources (Student Life and Engagement Fair)	August	ECC/CVC/RLC
Title IX Training (Athletics)	September	CVC/EFC
Title IX Training (Male Achievement Program)	September	CVC/NLC/BHC
Title IX Resources (Student Life and Engagement Fair)	September	MVC/NLC/BHC/EFC
Red Zone Safety Training (All EDUC 1300 Students)	September	Video





Title IX Training (Male Achievement Program)	October	RLC
Domestic Violence Dynamics	October	Online
Safety Planning for Students	October	Online
Title IX Training (Women's Engagement Network)	November	NLC/RLC/EFC
Transgender Awareness and Cultural Competency	November	Online

*MVC-Mountain View, BHC-Brookhaven, ECC-El Centro, RLC-Richland, EFC-Eastfield, CVC-Cedar Valley, NLC-North Lake

(Dallas College offered the above Sexual Violence prevention and awareness programs for students and employees in 2022)

Notification to Victims of Crimes of Violence

Dallas College will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by such institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as the result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph.

Sex Offender Registration

The federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on Oct. 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers services or is a student.

The Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) has established an official internet source of information about criminal convictions, deferred adjudications, and sex offender registration.

For additional information visit the website: <http://records.txdps.state.tx.us>.





Confidentiality

To the greatest extent possible, Dallas College shall respect the privacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed (respondent) and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary to conduct a thorough investigation and comply with applicable law. Dallas College Police Department will protect the identity of persons who report having been victims of criminal sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking allegations. As appropriate, Title IX, Student Rights and Responsibilities, or Employee Relations will protect the identity of persons (complainants, respondents, or witnesses) involved in alleged violations of Dallas College's sexual misconduct policies. Victims may request that directory information on file be removed from public sources by request from the Admissions and Records office.

Different people on campus have different reporting responsibilities and different abilities to maintain your confidentiality, depending on their roles at the College. When consulting campus resources, victims should be aware of confidentiality and mandatory reporting, to make informed choices. On campus, some resources may maintain your complete confidentiality, offering you options and advice without any obligation to tell anyone, unless you want them to. Other resources are expressly there for you to report crimes and policy violations, and they will take action when you report your victimization to them.

Additionally, personal identifiable information about the victim will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons with a specific need to know who are investigating/adjudicating the complaint or delivering resources or support services to the complainant. The College does not publish the name of crime victims nor house identifiable information regarding victims in the campus police department's Daily Crime Log or online. Furthermore, if a Timely Warning Notice is issued on the basis of a report of domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking, the name of the victim and other personally identifiable information about the victim will be withheld.

Confidential Employees

Campus "Pastoral Counselors," "Professional Counselors," and "Health Care Providers," when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority (CSA) for Clery Act purposes and are not required to report crimes for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crimes statistics. As a matter of policy, the professional counselors and health care providers at Dallas College are encouraged, when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary confidential basis.



1. **Pastoral Counselor** – an employee of an institution, who is associated with a religious order or denomination, recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and who is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.
2. **Professional Counselor** – an employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution's community, and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.
3. **Health Care Provider** – an employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing emergency or other health care services to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

The Dallas College Police Department encourages pastoral and professional counselors or health care providers, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform the individual being counseled to voluntarily report the incident to the Dallas College Police Department on a confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Reports of sexual violence and other violations that may be sex or gender based will be reported to the Title IX Team and cannot be held in confidence.

Risk Reduction

With no intent to victim blame and recognizing that only abusers are responsible for their abuse, the following are some strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment (taken from Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network, www.rainn.org).

1. Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way to get out of a bad situation.
2. Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
3. Walk with purpose. Even if you do not know where you are going, act like you do.
4. Trust your instincts. If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably is not the best place to be.
5. Try not to load yourself down with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.





6. Make sure your cellphone is with you and charged.
7. Do not allow yourself to be isolated with someone you do not trust or someone you do not know.
8. Avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
9. When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way out of a bad situation.
10. Trust your instincts. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately.
11. Do not leave your drink unattended while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you have left your drink alone, get a new one.
12. Do not accept drinks from people you do not know or trust. If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, do not drink from punch bowls or other large, common open containers.
13. Watch out for your friends. If a friend seems intoxicated, get him/her to a safe place immediately.
14. If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately. Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests.
15. If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation here are some things, you can try:
 1. Remember that being in this situation is not your fault. You did not do anything wrong; it is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
 2. Be true to yourself. Do not feel obligated to do anything you do not want to do.
 3. Have a code word with your friends or family so that if you do not feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
 4. Lie. If you do not want to hurt the person's feelings it is better to lie and make up a reason to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse.



5. Try to think of an escape route. How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the windows and exit doors? Are there people around who might help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?
6. If you and/or the other people have been drinking, you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.

VII. ANNUAL CRIME STATISTICS

Data Collection

Dallas College Police Department collects the crime statistics disclosed in this report through several methods. All reports of crimes and incidents made directly to the Dallas College Police Department are entered into our records management system, ARMS-Automated Records Management System. The Accreditation and Compliance Unit supervisor reviews the reports to ensure they are appropriately classified with the correct crime category. The statistics are compiled from the contents of ARMS monthly by the Accreditation and Compliance Unit. Prior to compiling the yearly statistical data for the Annual Security Report, all of the reports in the ARMS database are thoroughly reviewed and evaluated by the Accreditation and Compliance Unit, and crimes that fall into any of the required reporting categories which occurred within our Clery reportable geography are included in the annual statistical disclosure.

The annual disclosure of crime statistics is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies surrounding our campuses and non-campus sites. A written request for statistical information is made on an annual basis, or more frequently, to Dallas Police Department, Irving Police Department, Mesquite Police Department, Farmer's Branch Police Department, Dart Police department, Lancaster Police Department, Garland Police Department, the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission and the Texas Department of Public Safety. In addition, written requests are sent to law enforcement agencies in the cities and countries where students participate in college sponsored student trips and study abroad programs.

Distribution and Availability of the Annual Security Report

Our annual security report will go out each year prior to Oct. 1, an email notification is sent to all current students, faculty, and staff to notify them of the availability of the Annual Security Report and provide the college website address to access this report. In addition, a link to the





Clery Act statistics and Annual Security Report is available on the Dallas College online admissions application for prospective students and it is available on the online employment application for prospective employees.

To view the prior year of our Annual Security Report, please visit:

<https://www.DallasCollege.edu/AnnualSecurityReport>. This report can be printed from the Dallas College Police department website in PDF format. Our annual crime statistics are also submitted to the Department of Education and are published and made available to the public on their website, <http://ope.ed.gov/security/>. Dallas College does not have any housing or dormitories; therefore, our college does not report statistics in a Fire Safety Report.

Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

Dallas College annual security report is compiled by the Dallas College Police Department Accreditation and Compliance Unit in accordance with the Campus Security Act of 1990. The data is gathered and collected using the department's Automated Records Management System (ARMS). The Dallas College Police Department prepares this report in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. This report includes statistics for the previous three years 2020, 2021, 2022 concerning reported crimes that fall into any of the required reporting classifications that occurred on campus, in certain non-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by the Dallas College and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. In addition, these statistics include persons arrested or referred for campus disciplinary action for liquor, drug, and weapons law violations as required by the Clery Act. The statistics in this report are published in accordance with the standards and guidelines used by the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook (UCR). This report also includes institutional policies concerning campus security, the reporting of crimes, sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, stalking and policies regarding alcohol, drug, and weapons.



CLERY CRIME STATS; last 3 years: 2020, 2021, 2022

BROOKHAVEN CAMPUS: 3939 Valley View Ln, Farmers Branch, TX 75244

MOUNTAIN VIEW CAMPUS: 4849 W Illinois Avenue, Dallas, TX 75211

RICHLAND CAMPUS: 12800 Abrams Road, Dallas, TX 75243

1. ***GARLAND CENTER: 675 W Walnut Street, Garland, TX 75040***

CEDAR VALLEY CAMPUS: 3030 N Dallas Avenue, Lancaster, TX 75134

2. ***CEDAR HILL CAMPUS: 207 N Cannady Drive, Cedar Hill, TX 75104***

NORTH LAKE CAMPUS: 5001 N MacArthur Blvd, Irving, TX 75038

3. ***SOUTH CAMPUS: 1081 W Shady Grove Road, Irving, TX 75060***

4. ***WEST CAMPUS: 1401 N. Royal Lane, Dallas, TX 75261***

5. ***NORTH CAMPUS: 101 S Royal Lane, Coppell, TX 75019***

EASTFIELD CAMPUS: 3737 Motley Drive, Mesquite, TX 75150

1. ***PLEASANT GROVE CAMPUS: 802 S. Buckner Blvd, Dallas, TX 75217***

EL CENTRO CAMPUS: 801 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75202

2. ***WEST CAMPUS: 3330 N Hampton Road, Dallas, TX 75212***

3. ***NORTH CAMPUS: 11830 Webb Chapel Road, Suite 1200, Dallas, TX 75234***

4. ***BILL J. PRIEST: 1402 Corinth Street, Dallas, TX 75215***

5. ***SOUTH DALLAS CENTER: 4915 Brashear Street, Dallas, TX 75210***



Brookhaven Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON- CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	2	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2019	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	4	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-Campus	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	2	0	0
	2021	3	0	0
	2022	7	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2021: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

Mountain View Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	2	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s): 2021 0 Unfounded Crimes(s): 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

Richland Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	1	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	4	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	3
	2021	5	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	1
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2019	0	0	0
	2020	1	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

RL Garland Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
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OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2021 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

Cedar Valley Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	1	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	1	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2020.2021.2022

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

Cedar Hill Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2021: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

North Lake Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	1	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	2	0	0
	2022	2	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

NL South Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON- CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	20212	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

NL West Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON- CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

The Dallas College North Lake West Campus closed during 2022.

NL North Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	2	0	0	0
	2021	2	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2021 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

Eastfield Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	1	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	1	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	3	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	6	0	
	2021	1	0	0
	2022	4	1	0

REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	1	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

Pleasant Grove Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2020.2021.2022

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2022: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2021 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2020: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

El CENTRO Campus (Main)

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

RAPE	2020	1	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	2	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	2	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	6	2	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	1	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	1	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	5
	2021	1	0	6
	2022	4	1	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	1
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2020.2021.2022

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

EC West Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	1	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

EC North Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2020.2021.2022

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

Bill J. Priest Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	Non-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

South Dallas Training Center Campus

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON- CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0

	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

Administrative Office - Downtown

OFFENSES	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON- CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	UNF
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
FONDLING	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
INCEST	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2020	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0

OFFENSE (VAWA)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
STALKING	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0

	2022	0	0	0
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ARRESTS & REFERRALS	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: WEAPONS VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARREST: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: DRUG VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0
REFERRALS: LIQUOR VIOLATIONS	2020	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES – There were no reported hate crimes for the years **2020.2021.2022**

Although a “good-faith effort” was made to obtain all crime statistics from outside agencies; some were unable to be positively determined as to whether they fell under a Clery classification.

*******UNFOUNDED CRIMES** 2021: 0 Unfounded Crime (s), 2020 0 Unfounded Crimes(s), 2019: 0 Unfounded Crimes(s)

For a complete list of Clery statistics for colleges and universities, go to
<https://ope.ed.gov/campussafety/#/institution/search>.

